

CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTS AND CONDENSED STATUTORY ACCOUNTS

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I. Consolidated financial statements

A. Consolidated statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income (in thousand EUR) for the years ending

	NOTES	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
OPERATING INCOME		162,843	243,875
Revenues	2	152,615	227,228
Rental income	3	3,763	9,078
Other operating income	4	6,465	7,569
OPERATING EXPENSES		-189,217	-293,573
Cost of sales	5	-137,430	-208,866
Cost of commercialisation			-204
Administration costs	6	-51,788	-84,503
Administration costs - Others	6	-51,788	-40,714
Administration costs - Goodwill impairment	6		-43,789
OPERATING PROFIT		-26,374	-49,698
JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATES		3,001	67,181
Share of result of joint ventures and associates, net of tax	7	3,001	67,181
OPERATING PROFIT AND SHARE OF RESULT OF ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES, NET OF TAX		-23,373	17,483
Interest income		10,513	4,398
Interest expense		-9,865	-4,272
Other financial income		1,847	103
Other financial expenses		-4,447	-4,584
NET FINANCIAL COSTS	8	-1,952	-4,355
PROFIT BEFORE TAXES		-25,326	13,128
Income taxes	9	-12,261	-2,755
PROFIT OF THE PERIOD		-37,587	10,373
Share of non-controlling interests		836	-350
SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY		-38,423	10,723
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		-37,587	10,373
Other comprehensive income - items that are or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		-2,164	5,524
Currency translation		1,238	1,779
Cash flow hedging		-3,402	3,745
Other comprehensive income - items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		271	111
Actuarial gains and losses (-) on defined benefit pension plans	23	271	111
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		-1,893	5,635
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME OF THE PERIOD		-39,479	16,008
Share of non-controlling interests		648	544
SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY		-40,127	15,464
CARNINIC C DED CHARE (E) (DACIC (DILLITED)	10	2.05	1.00
EARNINGS PER SHARE (€) (BASIC/DILUTED)	10	-3.85	1.08



B. Consolidated statement of financial position (in thousands EUR)

ASSETS	NOTES	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		367,090	362,294
Intangible assets	11	1,693	1,357
Property, plant and equipment	12	3,425	4,122
Right-of-use assets	13	9,017	9,937
Investment property	14	60,146	67,686
Investments in joint ventures and associates	15	167,312	144,891
Advances to joint ventures and associates	15	109,209	111,527
Deferred tax assets	16	13,455	21,733
Other non-current financial assets		1,422	
Cash guarantees and deposits		1,411	1,041
CURRENT ASSETS		1,361,198	1,385,733
Inventories	17	1,118,165	985,726
Trade receivables	18	24,198	17,591
Contract assets	19	22,480	42,148
Income Tax receivables		1,986	988
Prepayments and other receivables	20	49,042	56,217
Advances to joint ventures and associates	15	10,551	3,450
Other current financial assets		2,696	3,687
Cash and cash equivalents	21	132,080	275,926
TOTAL ASSETS		1,728,289	1,748,027

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	NOTES	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
TOTAL EQUITY		501,675	573,140
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY		484,798	556,552
Share capital		97,257	97,257
Retained earnings		383,151	456,249
Reserves		4,390	3,046
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS		16,877	16,588
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		815,709	744,480
Employee benefit obligations	23	144	567
Deferred tax liabilities	16	22,676	21,136
Financial debts	21	787,946	722,777
Derivative financial instruments	21	4,943	
CURRENT LIABILITIES		410,906	430,408
Provisions	24	3,802	3,829
Financial debts	21	176,182	179,723
Trade payables	25	80,718	98,384
Contract liabilities	26	81,549	51,485
Income Tax liabilities		2,154	13,057
Social debts, VAT and other tax payables	27	12,486	20,021
Accrued charges and other amount payable	27	28,771	34,339
Advances from joint venture and associates	15	25,244	29,570
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,728,289	1,748,027



C. Consolidated statement of cash flows (in thousands EUR) for the years ending

	NOTES	31/12/2023	31/12/2022	
Operating income		162,843	243,875	
Operating expenses		-189,217	-293,573	
Amortisation, depreciation and impairment of assets	6	30,911	50,078	
Change in provisions		-430	1,082	
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIONS BEFORE CHANGES IN WORKING CAPITAL		4,107	1,462	
Change in working capital	29	-115,249	-73,183	
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIONS BEFORE PAID TAXES		-111,142	-71,721	
Paid taxes	9	-14,219	-8,327	
CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		-125,361	-80,048	
Acquisitions of intangible, tangible and other investments		-2,613	-4,762	
Sale of intangible, tangible and other investments		372	54	
Repayment of capital and advances by joint ventures	15	15,491	83,680	
Acquisitions, capital injections and loans to joint ventures and associates	15	-52,491	-40,233	
Dividends received from joint ventures and associates	15	11,726	43,587	
Interests received	8	10,513	4,398	
CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		-17,002	86,724	
Proceeds from financial debts	21	193,851	405,473	
Repayment of financial debts	21	-131,370	-369,663	
Change of ownership interests without change of control			4,365	
Paid interests	8	-33,549	-19,728	
Other financing cash flows			1,513	
Proceeds from sale of treasury shares			117	
Gross dividends paid		-30,414	-30,409	
CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-1,482	-8,332	
NET INCREASE OR DECREASE (-) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		-143,846	-1,656	
CHANGE OF SCOPE OR CONSOLIDATION METHOD			4,205	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF PERIOD		275,926	273,377	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF PERIOD		132,080	275,926	



D. Consolidated statement of changes in equity (in thousands EUR) for the years ending

	CAPITAL	RETAINED EARNINGS	ACQUISITION RESERVE	TREASURY SHARES RESERVE	CURRENCY TRANSLATION RESERVE	ACCUMULATED ACTUARIAL GAINS AND LOSSES	HEDGING RESERVES	EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	NON CONTROL- LING INTERESTS	TOTAL EQUITY
2023										
Balance as at 01-01-2023	97,257	329,162	124,869	-1,137	2,704	545	3,152	556,552	16,588	573,140
Result for the period		-38,423			1.025		2.005	-38,423	,836	-37,587
Other comprehensive income		159			1,037	86	-2,987	-1,705	-188	-1,893
Comprehensive income for the period		-38,264			1,037	86	-2,987	-40,127	648	-39,479
Dividends and other beneficiaries paid		-30,414						-30,414	-34	-30,448
Change of scope		-587			12			-574	-326	-901
Other changes		-638						-638		-638
Transactions with owners of the company		-31,639			12			-31,626	-360	-31,986
Changes in the period		-69,903			1,049	86	-2,987	-71,754	289	-71,466
Balance as at 31-12-2023	97,257	259,259	124,869	-1,137	3,753	631	165	484,798	16,877	501,675
2022	CAPITAL	RETAINED EARNINGS	ACQUISITION RESERVE	TREASURY SHARES RESERVE	CURRENCY TRANSLATION RESERVE	ACCUMULATED ACTUARIAL GAINS AND LOSSES	HEDGING RESERVES	EQUITY ATTRIBUTABL E TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	NON CONTROL- LING INTERESTS	TOTAL EQUITY
2022										
	97 257	349 100	124 860	-1 204	1 326	424	.222	571 547	11 352	582 910
Balance as at 01-01-2022	97,257	349,109	124,869	-1,204	1,326	434	-223	571,567 10.723	11,352	582,919 10.373
Balance as at 01-01-2022 Result for the period	97,257	10,723	124,869	-1,204				10,723	-350	10,373
Balance as at 01-01-2022 Result for the period Other comprehensive income	97,257	10,723 -123	124,869	-1,204	1,378	111	3,375	10,723 4,741	-350 894	10,373 5,635
Balance as at 01-01-2022 Result for the period Other comprehensive income Comprehensive income for the period	97,257	10,723	124,869	, 				10,723	-350	10,373
Balance as at 01-01-2022 Result for the period Other comprehensive income Comprehensive income for the period Transactions on treasury shares	97,257	10,723 -123 10,600	124,869	-1,204 ,68	1,378	111	3,375	10,723 4,741 15,464	-350 894	10,373 5,635 16,008
Balance as at 01-01-2022 Result for the period Other comprehensive income Comprehensive income for the period Transactions on treasury shares Dividends and other beneficiaries paid Acquisition / disposal of no controlling	97,257	10,723 -123 10,600 -73	124,869	, 	1,378	111	3,375	10,723 4,741 15,464 -5	-350 894	10,373 5,635 16,008 -5
Balance as at 01-01-2022 Result for the period Other comprehensive income Comprehensive income for the period Transactions on treasury shares Dividends and other beneficiaries paid	97,257	10,723 -123 10,600 -73 -30,409	124,869	, 	1,378	111	3,375	10,723 4,741 15,464 -5 -30,409	-350 894 544	10,373 5,635 16,008 -5 -30,409
Balance as at 01-01-2022 Result for the period Other comprehensive income Comprehensive income for the period Transactions on treasury shares Dividends and other beneficiaries paid Acquisition / disposal of no controlling interests, without a change in control Change of ownership interests without	97,257	10,723 -123 10,600 -73 -30,409	124,869	, 	1,378	111	3,375	10,723 4,741 15,464 -5 -30,409	-350 894 544	10,373 5,635 16,008 -5 -30,409
Balance as at 01-01-2022 Result for the period Other comprehensive income Comprehensive income for the period Transactions on treasury shares Dividends and other beneficiaries paid Acquisition / disposal of no controlling interests, without a change in control Change of ownership interests without change of control Other changes Transactions with owners of the company	97,257	10,723 -123 10,600 -73 -30,409 -307	124,869	,68 -1 67	1,378 1,378	111	3,375 3,375	10,723 4,741 15,464 -5 -30,409 -307 242 -30,479	310 4,365 17	10,373 5,635 16,008 -5 -30,409 3 4,365 259 -25,787
Balance as at 01-01-2022 Result for the period Other comprehensive income Comprehensive income for the period Transactions on treasury shares Dividends and other beneficiaries paid Acquisition / disposal of no controlling interests, without a change in control Change of ownership interests without change of control Other changes Transactions with owners of the	97,257	10,723 -123 10,600 -73 -30,409 -307	124,869	,68	1,378	111	3,375	10,723 4,741 15,464 -5 -30,409 -307	-350 894 544 310 4,365	10,373 5,635 16,008 -5 -30,409 3 4,365 259

A optional gross dividend of EUR 1.20 per share (excluding treasury shares) was proposed by the Board of Directors on 6 March 2024. It will be submitted to the shareholders for approval at the general meeting.

The share capital of Immobel SA is represented by 9.997.356 ordinary shares, including 25 434 treasury shares.

As at 31 December 2023, no treasury shares have been sold during the current year.

In accordance with IAS 32, these treasury shares are deducted from equity. These treasury shares have neither voting rights nor dividend rights.

On 31 December 2023 the treasury shares, resulting from the merger with ALLFIN, remain valued at the share price on 29 June 2016, which was the date of the merger.

The acquisition reserve was generated by the merger between ALLFIN and IMMOBEL on 29 June 2016 and remains unchanged since then.

As per Immobel's 2022 result allocation, EUR 30 414 thousand have been paid out as dividends.

The currency translation adjustments are related to Polish entities for which the functional currency is PLN and to British entities for which the functional currency is GBP.



E. Accounting principles and methods

1) General information

Immobel ("the Company") is incorporated in Belgium and its shares are publicly traded (Euronext – IMMO). The financial statements of the Group comprise the Company, its subsidiaries, and the Group's interest in associates and joint arrangements (referred to as "The Group"). The Group is active in the real estate development business, with activities in Belgium, France, Luxemburg, Germany, Poland, Spain and the United Kingdom.

2) Statement of compliance with IFRS

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS (International Financial Reporting Standards) as adopted in the European Union. The consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Company's board of directors on 6 March 2024.

3) New or Revised standards or interpretations

The consolidated statements of the Group as disclosed in this annual report take into account new standards applicable as from 1 January 2023. Following standards and amendments were applied to the Group's financial statements for the first time in 2023. These standards were either not applicable or did not have a material impact to the Group's financial statements.

STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS APPLICABLE FOR THE ANNUAL PERIOD BEGINNING ON 1 JANUARY 2023

The consolidated statements of the Group as disclosed in this annual report take into account new standards applicable as from 1 January 2023. Following standards and amendments were applied to the Group's financial statements for the first time in 2023. These standards were either not applicable or did not have a material impact to the Group's financial statements.

It relates to:

- IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts (issued on 18 May 2017); including Amendments to IFRS 17 (issued on 25 June 2020)
- Amendments to IAS 8 Accounting policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors: Definition of Accounting Estimates (issued on 12 February 2021)
- Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and IFRS Practice Statement 2: Disclosure of Accounting policies (issued on 12 February 2021)
- Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes: Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (issued on 7 May 2021)
- Amendments to IFRS 17 Insurance contracts: initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 Comparative information (issued on 9 December 2021)
- Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes: International Tax Reform Pillar Two Model Rules (issued on 23 May 2023)

STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS PUBLISHED, BUT NOT YET APPLICABLE FOR THE ANNUAL PERIOD BEGINNING ON 1 JANUARY 2023

A number of new IFRS standards, amendments to IFRS standards and interpretations issued, were not yet effective for the year ended on December 31, 2023 and have not been applied in preparing the consolidated financial statements. The Group shall adopt these standards after endorsement by the European Union.

It relates to:

Amendments to IFRS 16 Leases: Lease liability in a Sale and Leaseback
In September 2022, the IASB issued an amendment to IFRS 16 Leases related to the treatment of a lease liability in a sale and leaseback transaction. These amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024. Earlier application is permitted.



The amendment to IFRS 16 Leases specifies the requirements that a seller-lessee uses in measuring the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction, to ensure the seller-lessee does not recognise any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains. A sale and leaseback transaction involves the transfer of an asset by an entity (the seller-lessee) to another entity (the buyer-lessor) and the leaseback of the same asset by the seller-lessee. The amendment is intended to improve the requirements for sale and leaseback transactions in IFRS 16. It does not change the accounting for leases unrelated to sale and leaseback transactions.

The amendments have been endorsed by the European Union in January 2023. The application of this amendment will not have a material impact to the consolidated statements of the Group.

- Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements: Classification of liabilities as current or non-current, and deferral of effective date

In January 2020, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1 clarifying a criterion in IAS 1 for classifying a liability as non-current: the requirement for an entity to have the right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

The amendments:

- specify that an entity's right to defer settlement must exist at the end of the reporting period;
- clarify that classification is unaffected by management's intentions or expectations about whether the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement;
- clarify how lending conditions affect classification; and
- clarify requirements for classifying liabilities an entity will or may settle by issuing its own equity instruments.

On July 15, 2020, the IASB issued Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current — Deferral of Effective Date (Amendment to IAS 1) deferring the effective date of the January 2020 amendments with one year. These amendments have not yet been endorsed by the European Union. The application of this amendment will not have a material impact to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

- Amendments to IAS 1: Non-current liabilities with covenants

In October 2022, the IASB issued an amendment to IAS 1 Non-Current liabilities with Covenants effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024. Earlier application is permitted.

The amendment specifies that covenants (i.e. conditions specified in a loan arrangement) to be complied with after the reporting date do not affect the classification of debt as current or non-current at the reporting date. Instead, the amendments require a company to disclose information about these covenants in the notes to the financial statements.

These amendments have not yet been endorsed by the European Union. The Group will apply these amendments after endorsement. The application of this amendment will not have a material impact to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

- Amendments to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements

In May 2023 the IASB issued an amendment to IAS 7, introducing additional disclosure requirements for companies that enter into supplier finance arrangements. The amendments are effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024, with early application permitted. However, some relief from providing certain information in the year of initial application is available. These amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU. The application of this amendment will not have a material impact to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

- Amendments to IAS 21 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates: Lack of Exchangeability
In August 2023 the IASB issued an amendment to IAS 21, clarifying when a currency is exchangeable into
another currency (and when it is not). When a currency is not exchangeable, a company needs to estimate a
spot rate. The company's objective when estimating a spot rate is that it reflects the rate at which an orderly
exchange transaction would take place at the measurement date between market participants under prevailing



economic conditions. The amendments contain no specific requirements for estimating a spot rate. Under the amendments, companies will need to provide new disclosures to help users assess the impact of using an estimated exchange rate on the financial statements. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025 with early adoption permitted. These amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU. The application of this amendment will not have a material impact to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

4) Consolidation rules

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries, as well as interests in joint ventures and in associates accounted for using the equity method.

All intragroup balances, transactions, revenue and expenses are eliminated, except for the companies accounted for using the equity method; for which the unrealised profits and unrealised losses on transactions are eliminated to the extent of the investor's interest in the investee and only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

SUBSIDIARIES

Subsidiaries are companies controlled by the Group.

Control is achieved when the Group:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are going changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date when control begins until the date when control ends.

NON CONTROLLING INTEREST

Non-controlling interests are measured initially at their proportionate share of the acquirees identifiable net assets at the date of acquisition.

Changes in the Group's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.

INTERESTS IN EQUITY-ACCOUNTED INVESTEES

The Group's interests in equity-accounted investees comprise interests in joint ventures and in associates.

A joint venture is a contractual agreement whereby the Group and one or several parties agree to undertake an economic activity under joint control and whereby the Group has rights to the net assets of the arrangement, rather than rights to its assets and obligations for its liabilities.

Associates are entities over which the Group has significant influence through its participation in their financial and operating policy decisions. They are neither subsidiaries, nor joint ventures of the Group.

Significant influence is presumed if the Group, directly or indirectly, holds 20 % or more but less than 50 % of the voting rights.

The Group's interest in a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date when joint control begins until the date when it ends.

Under the equity method, the investment in a joint venture is initially recognised at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognise changes in the Group's share of net assets of the joint venture since the acquisition date. Goodwill relating to the joint venture is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not tested for impairment separately.

When the share of the Group in the losses exceeds its interest in an equity accounted investee, the carrying amount of that interest is reduced to zero, and the recognition of future losses is discontinued, except to the extent that the Group has an obligation or has made payments on behalf of the investee. In such case the negative investment in equity accounted investees is deducted from other components of the investor's interest in the equity accounted investee (borrowings to equity accounted investees). The interest in an equity-accounted investee includes, for this purpose, the carrying amount of the investment under the equity method and other long-term interests that in substance form part of the



entity's net investment in the joint venture. If the negative investment in equity accounted investees exceeds the investor's interest, a liability is recognized for the net amount. The group makes this assessment on a project basis.

BUSINESS COMBINATIONS AND GOODWILL

Immobel accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method when the acquired set of activities and assets meets the definition of a business and control is transferred to the Group. In determining whether a particular set of activities and assets is a business, the Group assesses whether the set of assets and activities acquired includes, at a minimum, an input and substantive process and whether the acquired set has the ability to produce outputs.

Immobel has an option to apply a "concentration test" that permits a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. The optional concentration test is met if substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets acquired is concentrated in a single identifiable asset or group of similar identifiable assets.

The consideration transferred in the acquisition is generally measured at fair value, as are the identifiable net assets acquired. Any goodwill that arises is tested annually for impairment. Any gain on a bargain purchase is recognised in profit and loss immediately. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except if related to the issue of debt or equity securities.

The consideration transferred does not include amounts related to the settlement of pre-existing relationships. Such amounts are generally recognised in profit or loss.

5) Preparation and presentation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of EUR.

They are prepared on the historical cost basis, except for some financial instruments which are measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies below.

5.1. Foreign currencies

TRANSLATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF FOREIGN OPERATIONS

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into euro at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into euro at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Translation differences resulting therefrom are recognised in OCI and accumulated in shareholders' equity under "translation differences", except to the extent that the translation difference is allocated to NCI.

When a foreign operation is disposed of in its entirety or partially such that control, significant influence or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the translation reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. If the Group disposes of part of its interest in a subsidiary but retains control, then the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to NCI. When the Group disposes of only part of an associate or joint venture while retaining significant influence or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

TRANSACTIONS IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Transactions are translated into the respective functional currencies of the Group Companies at the exchange rate prevailing on the transaction date. At reporting date, monetary assets and liabilities are converted at the exchange rates on the balance sheet date. Gains or losses resulting from this conversion are recorded as financial result.

5.2. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is necessary to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred and reported in finance costs.

5.3. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are recorded in the balance sheet if it is likely that the expected future economic benefits which may be allocated to assets will flow to the entity and if the cost of the assets can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses.



Intangible assets are amortised using the straight-line method on the basis of the best estimate of their useful lives of 3 to 5 years. The amortisation period and method are reviewed at each reporting date.

5.4. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Property, plant and equipment are depreciated prorata temporis on a straight-line basis over their useful lives. Useful lives have been determined as follows:

- buildings: 20 to 50 years,
- furniture and equipment: 3 to 10 years,
- installations, complexes, machinery and specific equipment: 5 to 20 years.

Land has an unlimited useful life and therefore it is not depreciated.

Subsequent expenses related to property, plant and equipment are only capitalised if it is likely that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and if the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

5.5. Investment property

Investment property related to projects (land and or (part of) buildings) in Belgium and Luxembourg is property held to earn rental income or for capital appreciation, or both, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or sale in the ordinary course of business. They mainly relate to buildings acquired to be redeveloped and which are leased out until the beginning of development.

Investment property is measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Investment property is amortized over the period between acquisition date and the date on which the redevelopment commences. Investment property is amortized to its residual value. At the date on which the redevelopment commences, the investment property is transferred to inventories at its carrying amount at that time.

5.6. Leases

AS A LESSEE

With respect to all lease arrangements in which the Group is the lessee, a lease liability (i.e. a liability to make lease payments) will be recognized, as well as a right-of-use asset (i.e. an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset over the lease term), except for short-term leases (defined as leases with a lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets (such as tablets and personal computers, small items of office furniture and telephones). For these leases, the Group recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

The Group's leased assets relate mainly to buildings and transportation equipment. The right-of-use assets are presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position, and the lease liabilities are presented as part of financial debt.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at the amount of the lease liability plus any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee. Adjustments may also be required for lease incentives, payments at or prior to commencement and restoration obligations or similar.

Some lease contracts contain both lease and non-lease components. These non-lease components are usually associated with facilities management services at offices and servicing and repair contracts in respect of motor vehicles. The Group has elected to not separate its leases for offices into lease and non-lease components and instead accounts for these contracts as a single lease component. For its other leases, the lease components are split into their lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices.

After lease commencement, the right-of-use asset is measured using the cost model.

Under the cost model a right-of-use asset is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment. Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter period of lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. If a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group expects to exercise a purchase option, the related right-of-use asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset. Depreciation starts at the commencement date of the lease.



The Group applies IAS 36 to determine whether a right-of-use asset is impaired and accounts for any identified impairment loss as described under section 17 hereunder.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted at the rate implicit in the lease if that can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate.

The lease liability is subsequently remeasured to reflect changes in:

- the lease term (using a revised discount rate);
- the assessment of a purchase option (using a revised discount rate);
- the amounts expected to be payable under residual value guarantees (using an unchanged discount rate); or
- future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate used to determine those payments (using an unchanged discount rate).

The remeasurements are treated as adjustments to the right-of-use asset.

AS A LESSOR

The Group enters into lease agreements as a lessor with respect to its investment properties. These mainly relate to buildings acquired to be redeveloped and which are rented out until the beginning of development. These contracts are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

5.7. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Group's balance sheet when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

CLASSIFICATION AND MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The financial assets include the investments in equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss, loans to related parties, receivables including trade receivables and other receivables, derivative financial instruments, cash and cash equivalents.

Trade receivables and debt securities are initially recognized when they are originated. The purchase or sale of a non-derivative financial asset in a regular-way transaction is recognized at trade date

FINANCIAL ASSETS - DEBT INSTRUMENTS

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments include

- Advances to joint ventures and associates that are measured at amortised cost
- Trade and other receivables measured at amortised cost;
- Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, together with other short-term, highly
 liquid investments maturing within 90 days from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible into known
 amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank overdrafts are included
 in liabilities. Those are measured at amortised cost.



FINANCIAL ASSETS - INVESTMENTS IN EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

On initial recognition, all equity investments are measured at fair value through profit and loss unless the entity makes an irrevocable election to measure the instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income (only possible if not held for trading). Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in the income statement.

AMORTISED COST AND EFFECTIVE INTEREST METHOD

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

For financial instruments other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the debt instrument to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition.

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. On the other hand, the gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING TRANSACTIONS

The Group has elected to adopt the hedge accounting requirements of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments where the hedging instrument and the hedged item match based on an assessment of the effectiveness of the hedge.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives and other qualifying hedging instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of cash flow hedging reserve.

When the hedged forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial item such as inventory, the amount accumulated in the hedging reserve and the cost of hedging reserve is included directly in the initial cost of the non-financial item when it is recognised.

For all other hedged forecast transactions, the amount accumulated in the hedging reserve and the cost of hedging reeve is reclassified to profit or loss in the same period or periods during which the hedged expected future cash flows affect profit or loss.

The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

In relation to the impairment of financial assets and contract assets, an expected credit loss model is applied. The expected credit loss model requires the Group to account for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the financial assets. Specifically, the following assets are included in the scope for impairment assessment for the Group: 1) trade receivables; 2) current and non-current other receivables and loans to related parties; 3) contract assets; 4) cash and cash equivalents.

IFRS 9 requires the Group to measure the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. On the other hand, if the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group is required to measure the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12 month expected credit losses.

The Group makes use of a simplified approach in accounting for trade and other receivables as well as contract assets and records the loss allowance as lifetime expected credit losses. These are the expected shortfalls in contractual cash flows, considering the potential for default at any point during the life of the financial instrument. In calculating, the Group uses its historical experience, external indicators and forward-looking information to calculate the expected credit losses using a provision matrix.

The expected credit loss is assessed for each financial asset and contract asset on an individual basis and is generally immaterial in view of the fact that a physical asset can be considered as a collateral (guarantee) in the assessment of the expected credit loss: trade receivables generally relate to the sales of residential units under construction and advances to associates and joint ventures relate to financing projects under development and contract assets arises in in situations where revenue is recognised in advance of the next progress billing.



DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

All financial liabilities of the Group are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Interest-bearing bank loans and overdrafts are recorded at the amount of cash obtained, after deduction of any transaction costs. After initial recognition, they are measured at amortized cost. Any difference between the consideration received and the redemption value is recognized in income over the period of the loan using the effective interest rate.

The Group derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Group also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognised in profit or loss.

SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

Issue costs that may be directly allocated to an equity transaction are recorded as a deduction from equity. As a consequence, capital increases are recorded at the proceeds received, net of issue costs and net of tax.

When shares recognised as equity are repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, which includes directly attributable costs, is recognised as a deduction from equity. Repurchased shares are classified as treasury shares and are presented in the treasury share reserve. When treasury shares are sold or reissued subsequently, the amount received is recognised as an increase in equity and the resulting surplus or deficit on the transaction is presented in retaining earnings.

CASH FLOWS

Cash flows are inflows and outflows of cash and cash equivalents.

Operating activities are the principal revenue-producing activities of the entity and other activities that are not investing or financing activities. Acquisitions and sales of projects through the purchase or sale of assets are considered as operating activities and are presented as part of the cash flows from operating activities, whether the project is classified in inventory.

Investing activities are the acquisition and disposal of long-term assets and other investments not included in cash equivalents.

Financing activities are activities that result in changes in the size and composition of the contributed equity and borrowings of the entity. The capitalization of borrowing costs has no impact on the statement of cash flows.

5.8. Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost or net realisable value, whichever is lower. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated completion costs and costs to sell.

The acquisition cost of purchased goods includes acquisition cost and expenses directly attributable to the purchases. For finished goods and work in progress, the cost price takes into account direct expenses and a portion of production overhead without including administrative and financial expenses.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion

and the estimated cost necessary to make the sale. The impairment in value or loss (write-down or reversals) on inventories to bring them to their net realisable value is recognised in profit or loss in 'cost of sales' in the year when the impairment in value occurs.

The interests incurred during construction are capitalised. The costs of borrowings are capitalised depending on the nature of the funding. The cost of funding defined as "project financing" are fully allocated to projects funded. The costs of "Corporate" and "Bonds" financing are partially allocated based on an allocation key taking into account the projects under



development and the amounts invested. The activation of the borrowing costs stops as soon as the project is ready for its intended sale.

5.9. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, when it is probable that an outflow of resources will be necessary to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation if necessary.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

Contingent liabilities, which occurrence is not probably, are not recognized as a provision and are mentioned in the notes to the financial statements, provided that the risk is not remote.

Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements.

5.10. Employee benefits

POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Group operates a defined-benefit pension plan and a defined-contribution pension plan.

« Defined-contribution » pension plan

Contributions to these pension plans are recognized as an expense in the income statement as the related service is provided.

• « Defined-benefit » pension plan

For such a plan, the cost of corresponding commitments is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with present values being calculated at reporting date.

The amount recognised in the balance sheet represents the present value of the estimated amount of future benefits that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods, less the fair value of plan assets. Any asset resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of possible refunds to the Group or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

Actuarial gains and losses are directly recorded in the other elements of comprehensive income and accumulated in a separate reserve within equity. These accumulated actuarial gains and losses are subsequently never reclassified to profit or loss.

BONUSES

Bonuses granted to employees and senior executives are based on targets relating to key financial indicators. The estimated amount of bonuses is recognized as an expense in the year to which they relate.

5.11. Operating income

Group revenue comes mainly from Real Estate Development activities.

Under IFRS 15, revenue is recognised when the customer obtains control of the goods or services sold, for an amount which reflects what the entity expects to receive for the goods or services.

The main categories of sale contracts used by the Group comprise:

SALES OF OFFICE BUILDINGS

In accordance with IFRS 15, Immobel assesses on a case-by-case basis:

- Whether the agreement, the contract or the transaction meets the definition of a contract with a customer, considering the probability of the Group recovering the consideration to which it is entitled;
- Whether, under a contract, the sale of the land, the development and the commercialisation represent distinct performance obligations;
- Whether, for each obligation, the revenue is subject to a gradual transfer of control, particularly for projects which may satisfy the third criterion defined by IFRS 15.35 ("Performance creating a specific asset and giving rise to an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date"), and must be recognised over time.



Payment terms for office sales are negotiated and stipulated in the individual contracts.

SALES OF RESIDENTIAL PROJECTS

For "Residential" projects, the analysis has distinguished revenue from contracts for which the contractual provisions and the legal context (Breyne Act in Belgium or equivalent in Luxembourg, France and Germany) establish a gradual transfer of control of the asset to the purchaser as the construction progresses from other revenue linked to contracts with customers for which control is transferred at a point in time.

Projects involving residential units - Breyne Act contracts (Belgium, Luxembourg, France and Germany)

Legally foreseen by the legal framework in Belgium and Luxembourg, the ownership of a residential unit is gradually transferred to the purchaser during the construction period as such as the revenue is recognized over time for residential properties when the entity's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the entity and the entity has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Revenue (with no distinction between "land" and "development") is recognised over time for each residential project based on progress of works measured by incurred and budgeted costs.

In Poland revenue is recognised upon the signing of the final deed, i.e. once the unit being sold is delivered, because there is no enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date according to the regulatory framework.

OTHER SALES OF RESIDENTIAL PROJECTS

Other types of sale may occur (block sale of a project, hotel, commercial space, etc.). Such transactions are therefore subject to an analysis on a case-by-case basis using an approach similar to that described for the "Office" schemes.

LANDBANKING

For this segment, the sales revenue is recorded when the asset is transferred at the moment of the notarial deed.

The revenue from the sale of a project is recognized in gross (sales price and cost of sales) regardless of the structure of the transaction (share deal / asset deal). Disposals of subsidiaries dedicated to a project and that do not contain a business are considered part of the normal business of the Group and are therefore recognized in sales and cost of sales (IFRS 15). Upon disposal of such a subsidiary the same accounting policies with regard to the timing of revenue recognition as described above are applied.

The method of legal ownership has no impact on the recognition of the margin but on its presentation, which will differ depending on whether it is:

- Direct property, subsidiary: the results are recorded in sales and cost of sales irrespective of the legal structure of ownership of the asset;
- Joint ventures: in accordance with IFRS 11, when a partnership gives rise to joint control over net assets, Immobel recognizes an investment for its interest in the joint venture and recognizes it using the equity method (IAS 28). The result of the sales of property within a joint venture is therefore presented under the heading "Share in the profit or loss of joint ventures and associates"

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary that does not contain a business as defined by IFRS 3 and retains an investment (partial sale of a company dedicated to a project), the transaction is treated as a transaction between an investor and its associate or joint venture and the gain or loss is recognised in operating result only to the extent of unrelated investors' interest in the associate or joint venture. If a downstream transaction results in a loss, then no portion of the loss is eliminated to the extent that it provides evidence of a reduction in the net realizable value or of impairment of the asset to be sold or contributed.

With respect to operating leases, rent is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease, even if payments are not made on this basis. Lease incentives granted by the Group in negotiating or renewing an operating lease are recognised as a reduction of the lease income on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

5.12. Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amount of non-current assets (other than financial assets in the scope of IFRS 9, deferred taxes and non-current assets held for sale) is reviewed at the end of each reporting period in order to determine if an indication exists that an asset has impaired. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is determined. Regarding intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and goodwill, an impairment test needs to be performed on an annual basis and whenever an impairment indicator has been identified. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of the asset or the cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are presented in the operating expenses.



When the recoverable amount cannot be individually determined for an asset, including goodwill, it is measured at the level of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is its fair value less costs of disposal or its value in use, whichever is higher. The latter is the present value of expected future cash flows from the asset or the respective cash generating unit. In order to determine the value in use, the future cash flows are discounted using a pre-tax discount rate which reflects both the current market rate and the specific risks of the asset.

A reversal of impairment loss is recognised operating revenue if the recoverable amount exceeds the net book value. However, the reversal may not lead to a higher book value than the value that would have been determined if no impairment loss had been initially recorded on this asset (cash-generating unit). No reversal of impairment loss is recognized on goodwill.

5.13. Taxes

Income tax for the year includes current and deferred tax. Current and deferred income taxes are recognised in profit and loss unless they relate to items recognised directly under shareholders' equity or other comprehensive income, in which case they are also recognised under shareholders' equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable (or recoverable) on the profit (or loss) of the current year and comprises any adjustments to tax charges of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method, recognizing deferred taxes in respect of temporary differences between the book value of assets and liabilities in the consolidated accounts and their tax basis.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are recognised on unused tax losses and on deductible temporary differences if it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax assets are re-evaluated at each reporting date.

5.14. Main judgements and main sources of uncertainties related to the estimations

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, management has made judgements and estimates that affect the application of the Group's accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognised prospectively.

The deferred tax assets are recognised upon availability of future taxable profit against which deductible temporary differences and tax losses carried forward can be utilised. When a project company with tax losses carried forward contains a project with future taxable profits a deferred tax asset is recognised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves. Immobel's deferred tax asset positions were reviewed in order to make sure they can be recovered through future taxable income. This resulted in a derecognition of DTA position on France for an amount of EUR 8.9 million due to lower profitability forecasts resulting from current market conditions. The Group also monitored changes to legislation, revisions to tax rates and other tax measures taken – see note 16.

The projects in inventory are subject to feasibility studies used in determining the net realisable value and any required write down, and if applicable for the release of margin and the computation of the rate of completion. At each closing date, the expenses to be incurred are estimated. With regard to the inventories (projects to be developed), the assumptions used to assess the net realisable value of the projects under development are reviewed on quarterly basis by the project manager and updated based on the most recent market data (with respect to residential projects: expected sales prices and construction costs and with respect to the office project: expected exit yields, expected rental levels and construction costs). The current macroeconomic environment with higher construction costs inflation, interest rates and weakened demand has been taken into account when assessing whether the respective net realisable value is higher than the carrying amount for each of the projects. Based on this assessment, EUR 6 million has been written down on French residential projects as at 31 December 2023. Overall, the company adopted a cautious approach when assessing impairments and, given the ongoing challenging market conditions, it will maintain a vigilant stance on asset valuations.—see note 17.

Investment properties are amortized using the straight-line method based on an estimate of the duration up to the beginning of the development of the project, date when they are transferred to inventories, and taking into account a residual value estimated at that date.



Investment properties are tested for impairment in function of the forecasted net residual value of the project once this asset will be developed, based on equal assumptions as net residual value of inventory. The current macroeconomic environment with higher construction costs inflation, interest rates and weakened demand has been taken into account when assessing whether the respective net realisable value is higher than the carrying amount for each of the investment properties. Based on this assessment, EUR 20 million has been impaired on French investment properties as at 31 December 2023. Overall, the company adopted a cautious approach when assessing impairments and, given the ongoing challenging market conditions, it will maintain a vigilant stance on asset valuations. – see note 14.

Income from the sale of a project is recognized in gross (sales price and cost of sales) regardless of the structure of the transaction (asset deal / share deal). Disposals of controlled companies dedicated to a project are therefore considered part of the Group's normal business and are therefore recognized as revenue and cost of sales at the time of the disposal. The presentation is taking into account the specificities of the Group's sector and activity.

End December 2019, Immobel was notified with 2 decisions of the Belgian Council of State in a legacy file relating to the purchase of land plots in 2007 from the Université Libre de Bruxelles. A joint venture between Immobel and its partner, Thomas & Piron, obtained in 2014 all necessary building permits for the development of a residential project on the relevant land plot. The decision of the Council of State of end 2019, however, lead to an annulment of the building permits obtained back in 2014 due to the absence of a prior allotment permit at the time of purchase of the land from Université Libre de Bruxelles in 2007. The purchasers of the relevant apartment units were duly informed on the pending legal procedure before the Council of State at the time of purchase of their unit and their purchase deed provide for the right to apply for an annulment of the sale of their unit under certain circumstances, including in case regularisation of the relevant building permits is not realized within the contractual delay. The aforementioned situation is eligible for regularisation and, at the date hereof, Immobel and its partner Thomas & Piron are in the process of regularization and expect that the financial impact of such right to rescind will not materially impact the financial position of the joint venture partners.

5.15. Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group, which generates revenues and costs.

The operating results are regularly reviewed by the Management Committee in order to monitor the performance of the various segments in terms of strategic goals, plans and budgets. In this context, the Board of Directors has opted to follow up the operating results by country.

F. Notes to the consolidated financial statements (in thousand EUR)

1) Operating segment - financial information by geographical segment

The segment reporting is presented based on the operational segments used by the Board of Directors to monitor the financial performance of the Group, being the geographical segments (by country). The choice made by the Board of Directors to focus on geographical segment rather than on other possible operating segments is motivated by local market characteristics (customers, product, regulation, culture, local network, political environment, etc.) as being the key business drivers.

The core business of the Group, real estate development, is carried out in Belgium, Luxemburg, France, Germany, Poland, Spain and the United Kingdom.

The breakdown of sales by country depends on the country where the activity is carried out.

The Group has been applying IFRS 11 since 1 January 2014, which substantially amended the reading of the Group's financial statements, but does not change the net income and shareholders' equity. However, the Board of Directors believes that the financial information based on the proportionate consolidation of the Group's joint ventures (before IFRS 11) gives a better picture of the activities and financial statements. Therefore, the information reported to the Board of Directors and presented below includes the Group's interest in joint ventures based on the proportionate consolidation method. Using this consolidation method, intercompany transactions are eliminated at percentage of financial rights detention. Consolidation under equity method is applied for associates.



SUMMARY OF THE CONSOLIDATED COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (INTERNAL VIEW)

INCOME STATEMENT EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
OPERATING INCOME	215,674	409,515
Revenues	189,820	377,377
Rental income	20,285	17,894
Other operating income	5,569	14,244
OPERATING EXPENSES	-227,510	-386,615
Cost of sales	-169,865	-294,770
Cost of commercialisation		-215
Administration costs	-57,645	-91,630
OPERATING PROFIT	-11,836	22,900
JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATES	-4	105
Share of result of joint ventures and associates, net of tax	-4	105
OPERATING PROFIT AND SHARE OF RESULT OF ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES, NET OF TAX	-11,840	23,005
Interest income	9,197	3,330
Interest expense	-18,634	-8,020
Other financial income / expenses	-3,046	-4,834
NET FINANCIAL COSTS	-12,483	-9,524
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS BEFORE TAXES	-24,323	13,481
Income taxes	-13,684	-3,710
PROFIT OF THE PERIOD	-38,007	9,771
Share of non-controlling interests	416	-952
SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	-38,423	10,723

REVENUES AND OPERATING RESULT ARE ALLOCATED AS FOLLOWS PER GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENT

EUR ('000	REVENUES	OPERATING RESULT	REVENUES	OPERATING RESULT
	31/12/2023	31/12/2023	31/12/2022	31/12/2022
Belgium	106,691	15,797	279,129	88,599
Luxembourg	23,343	6,190	30,019	1,573
France	55,179	-29,459	45,432	-49,014
Germany	3,449	-1,781	20,993	-12,155
Poland	722	1,125	1,224	-598
Spain		-300	580	163
United Kingdom	436	-3,412		-5,563
TOTAL CONSOLIDATED	189,820	-11,840	377,377	23,005



SUMMARY OF THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (INTERNAL VIEW)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		242,962	258,956
Intangible assets and property, plant and equipment		5,118	5,479
Right-of-use assets		9,017	9,937
Investment property		124,902	133,520
Investments and advances to joint ventures and associates		74,510	70,728
Deferred tax assets		18,716	27,008
Other non-current assets		10,698	12,284
CURRENT ASSETS		1,833,032	1,840,242
Inventories		1,538,276	1,360,703
Trade receivables		32,189	24,309
Contract assets		19,875	45,128
Tax receivables and other current assets		77,390	88,252
Advances to joint ventures and associates		8,264	6,588
Cash and cash equivalents		157,039	315,262
TOTAL ASSETS		2,075,994	2,099,198
TOTAL EQUITY	EUR ('000)	500,793	572,644
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		973,091	847,078
Financial debts		943,790	824,153
Deferred tax liabilities		24,125	22,358
Other non-current liabilities		5,176	567
CURRENT LIABILITIES		602,110	679,476
Financial debts		261,724	318,445
Trade payables		93,735	113,780
Contract liabilities		87,452	61,470
Tax payables and other current liabilities		145,673	168,699
Advances from joint venture and associates		13,527	17,083
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		2,075,994	2,099,198

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

FINANCIAL POSITION ITEMS	EUR ('000)	NON-CURRENT SEGMENT ASSETS	CURRENT SEGMENT ASSETS	UNALLOCATED ITEMS 1	CONSOLIDATED
Belgium		12,586	1,146,569		1,159,155
Luxembourg		27,059	221,389		248,448
France		38,611	206,937		245,548
Germany			37,863		37,863
Poland		58	119,866		119,924
Spain		309	29,701		30,010
United Kingdom		60,434	-16,897		43,537
Unallocated items ¹				191,509	191,509
TOTAL ASSETS		139,057	1,745,428	191,509	2,075,994

FINANCIAL POSITION ITEMS EUR ('000)	SEGMENT LIABILITIES	UNALLOCATED ITEMS 1	CONSOLIDATED
Belgium	959,987		959,987
Luxembourg	153,731		153,731
France	192,885		192,885
Germany	58,048		58,048
Poland	118,242		118,242
Spain	5,554		5,554
United Kingdom	50,930		50,930
Unallocated items ¹		35,824	35,824
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,539,377	35,824	1,575,201



AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

FINANCIAL POSITION ITEMS	EUR ('000)	NON-CURRENT SEGMENT ASSETS	CURRENT SEGMENT ASSETS	UNALLOCATED ITEMS 1	CONSOLIDATED
Belgium		13,481	994,168		1,007,649
Luxembourg		28,017	201,771		229,788
France		44,982	237,635		282,617
Germany		2	44,369		44,371
Poland		29	82,317		82,346
Spain		383	27,163		27,546
United Kingdom		62,065	3,550		65,615
Unallocated items ¹				359,265	359,265
TOTAL ASSETS		148,959	1,590,974	359,265	2,099,198

FINANCIAL POSITION ITEMS EUR ('000)	SEGMENT LIABILITIES	UNALLOCATED ITEMS 1	CONSOLIDATED
Belgium	973,358		973,358
Luxembourg	128,411		128,411
France	198,079		198,079
Germany	59,144		59,144
Poland	66,454		66,454
Spain	5,949		5,949
United Kingdom	52,227		52,227
Unallocated items ¹		42,932	42,932
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,483,622	42,932	1,526,554

(1) Unallocated items: Assets: Deferred tax assets - Other non-current financial assets - Other non-current assets - Tax receivables - Other current financial assets - Cash and equivalents - Liabilities: Employee benefit obligations - Provisions - Deferred tax liabilities - Tax liabilities - Derivative financial instruments.



To have a view on the size of the portfolio of projects in development by geographical segment, both inventories and investment properties should be taken into consideration, since the latter contain leased out property acquired with a view to being redeveloped.

INVENTORIES AND INVESTMENT PROPERTY EUR ('000)	Offices	Residential	Landbanking	31/12/2023
Belgium	390,971	355,952	71,690	818,613
Luxembourg	26,441	211,674		238,114
France	217,538	53,029		270,567
Germany		111,617		111,617
Poland	38,978	104,121		143,099
Spain		20,912		20,912
United Kingdom	60,255			60,255
TOTAL INVENTORIES AND INVESTMENT PROPERTY	734,183	857,305	71,690	1,663,178

INVENTORIES AND INVESTMENT PROPERTY EUR ('000)	Offices	Residential	Landbanking	31/12/2022
Belgium	352,681	306,298	80,192	739,171
Luxembourg	27,625	151,098		178,723
France	220,397	59,922		280,319
Germany		112,465		112,465
Poland	38,739	65,463		104,202
Spain		18,254		18,254
United Kingdom	61,089			61,089
TOTAL INVENTORIES AND INVESTMENT PROPERTY	700,531	713,500	80,192	1,494,223

- The main movements in inventories and investment property are driven by the ongoing development of all projects in the portfolio with main movements coming from Tielt and O'sea in Belgium, Granaria in Poland and Saint Antoine in France and by the acquisition of Gasperich in Luxembourg.

RECONCILIATION TABLE

EUR ('000)		31/12/2023	
	Operating Segment	Adjustments	Published Information
Revenues	189,820	-37,205	152,615
Operating result	-11,840	-11,533	-23,373
Total balance sheet	2,075,994	-347,705	1,728,289

For segment information, joint ventures are consolidated using the proportional method. The adjustments result from the application of IFRS 11, resulting in the consolidation of joint ventures and associates using the equity method.



2) Revenues

LANDBANKING

TOTAL REVENUE

The Group generates its revenues through commercial contracts for the transfer of goods and services in the following main revenue categories:

Cross-analysis by type of project and by geographical zone - EUR (000)	Offices	Residential	Landbanking	31/12/2023
Belgium	7,218	75,372	6,031	88,621
Luxembourg	859	14,134		14,993
France	350	43,609		43,959
Germany		3,449		3,449
Poland		722		722
Spain				
United Kingdom	871			871
Total	9,298	137,286	6,031	152,615
Cross-analysis by type of project and by geographical zone - EUR (000)	Offices	Residential	Landbanking	31/12/2022
Cross-analysis by type of project and by geographical zone - EUR (000) Belgium	Offices 57,409	Residential 64,256	Landbanking 7,758	31/12/2022 129,423
Belgium	57,409	64,256		129,423
Belgium Luxembourg	57,409 1,616	64,256 21,692		129,423 23,308
Belgium Luxembourg France	57,409 1,616	64,256 21,692 52,087		129,423 23,308 52,122
Belgium Luxembourg France Germany	57,409 1,616 35	64,256 21,692 52,087 20,993		129,423 23,308 52,122 20,993

Revenues for Belgium are mainly driven by Lalys, O'Sea, Barchon and St Roch for Residential and by Guimard for Offices, for Germany by Eden, for Luxembourg by Canal, for France by several smaller residential projects. Revenues from residential projects are lower mainly due to fewer projects in sales as a result of the lower permitting activity over recent years and revenues from office projects are lower mainly due to limited office transactions in 2023.

The breakdown of sales according to these different principles of recognition is as follows:

	EUR ('000)	Timing of revenue red	ognition	
		Point in time	Over time	31/12/2023
OFFICES		8,439	859	9,298
RESIDENTIAL		722	136,564	137,286
Residential unit per project - Breyne Act or equivalent			136,564	136,564
Residential unit per project - Other		722		722
LANDBANKING		6,031		6,031
TOTAL REVENUE		15,192	137,423	152,615
	EUR ('000)	Timing of revenue rec	ognition	
		Point in time	Over time	31/12/2022
OFFICES		20,901	38,493	59,394
RESIDENTIAL		483	159,593	160,076
Residential unit per project - Breyne Act or equivalent			159,593	159,593
Residential unit per project - Other		483		483

The sale of Guimard has been recognised at a certain point in time.

The transaction price relating to performance obligations unrealized or partially realized at 31 December 2023 amounted to EUR 92 million.

7,758

29,142

7,758

227,228

198,086

It mainly concerns the sales of residential units of which construction is in progress (for the totality of their value or the unrecognized part based on progress of completion) as well as the sales of offices of which the contract analysis deemed to assume that the recognition criteria were not met under IFRS 15 (2022: office building Commerce 46).

The Group's management estimates that 72 % of the price allocated to these outstanding performance obligations as at 31 December 2023 will be recognized as revenue in fiscal year 2024.



3) Rental income

Breakdown of the rental of investment properties is allocated as follows by geographical segment:

	EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Belgium		440	4,562
France		1,447	2,837
Germany		50	
Luxembourg		1,827	1,679
TOTAL RENTAL INCOME		3,763	9,078

The main contributors are Rueil Malmaison in France and Thomas in Luxembourg. The project Isala is no longer subject to rental income since it was transferred to inventories end of 2022.

The lease terms depend on the investment properties agreements and are to be considered between 3 to 10 years for the ongoing contracts.

4) Other operating income

Break down as follows:

	EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Other income		6,465	7,569
TOTAL OTHER OPERATING INCOME		6,465	7,569

The decrease compared to the previous financial year is mainly driven by less taxes and withholdings to be recovered from tenants and miscellaneous reinvoicing.

5) Cost of sales

Cost of sales is allocated as follows per geographical segment:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Belgium	-75,479	-103,813
Luxembourg	-13,710	-22,341
France	-41,073	-49,986
Germany	-6,340	-32,174
Poland	-627	-226
Spain	-168	-175
United Kingdom	-34	-151
TOTAL COST OF SALES	-137,430	-208,866

Cost of sales for Belgium are mainly driven by Lalys, O'Sea, Barchon, St Roch and Guimard, for Germany by Eden, for Luxembourg by Canal, for France by other residential projects. Cost of sales from residential projects are lower mainly due to fewer projects in sales as a result of the lower permitting activity over recent years.

6) Administration costs

Break down as follows:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Personnel expenses	-10,464	-16,939
Amortisation, depreciation and impairment of assets	-30,911	-50,078
Other operating expenses	-10,413	-17,486
TOTAL ADMINISTRATION COSTS	-51,788	-84,503

In general, Administration costs have decreased due to the costs reductions mainly on personnel expenses and better management fees allocation to project costs.

The total administration costs also include the non-recurring costs related to the closing of Immobel Capital Partners (EUR 5,5 million) and the restructuring of Immobel France (EUR 4,7 million).



PERSONNEL EXPENSES

Break down as follows:

EU	JR ('000) 31/12/2	023	31/12/2022
Salaries and fees of personnel and members of the Executive Committee	-26,	866	-37,063
Project monitoring costs capitalized under "inventories"	18,	925	24,572
Social security charges	-2,	698	-3,368
Pension costs		152	- 80
Other		23	-1,000
TOTAL PERSONNEL EXPENSES	-10,	464	-16,939

The decrease in personnel expenses is primarily due to the closing of Immobel Capital Partners and the restructuring of Immobel France, bringing the number of full time employees down from 195 to 145.

AMORTISATION, DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

Break down as follows:

EUR ('000	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Goodwill impairment		-43,789
Amortisation of intangible and tangible assets, and of investment property	-4,890	-6,161
Impairment on investment property	-20,000	
Write down on inventories	-6,008	
Write down on trade receivables	-13	-128
TOTAL AMORTISATION, DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS	-30,911	-50,078

In 2022, the increase in total Depreciation and Impairment on Assets was primarily due to the amortization of goodwill related to the acquisition of Nafilyan & Partners in 2019. This was in response to the management's decision to focus more on the development of large mixed-use projects and offices in France than on small residential projects. In 2023, the total Depreciation and Impairment on Assets is mainly due to the impairment of Rueil Malmaison and to the write down on French residential projects.



OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

Break down as follows:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Services and other goods	-8,268	-12,716
Other operating expenses	-2,423	-3,767
Provisions	278	-1,003
TOTAL OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	-10,413	-17,486

Main components of services and other goods:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Service charges of the registered offices	-2,762	-2,812
Third party payment, including in particular the fees paid to third parties	-2 574	-2,574
Other services and other goods, including company supplies, advertising, maintenance and repair expense of properties available for sale awaiting for development	-2 931	-7,735
TOTAL SERVICES AND OTHER GOODS	-8,268	-12,716

The decrease in other services and goods is mainly related to decrease in marketing cost as well as the reduction of overhead cost following the closing of Immobel Capital partners and restructuring of Immobel France.

Amount of fees allocated during the year to KPMG Company auditors B.V./S.R.L. and its network:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Audit fees at consolidation level (Belgium)	-335	-313
Audit fees for the Statutory Auditor for extraordinary presentations or special assignments within the Group (Belgium)	-25	-118
- Other audit assignments	-25	-92
- Tax advice		
- Other assignments outside the ordinary auditor's remit		-26
Audit fees at consolidation level (Abroad)	-241	-227
Audit fees for the Statutory Auditor for extraordinary presentations or special assignments within the Group (Abroad)		
- Other audit assignments		
- Tax advice		
- Other assignments outside the ordinary auditor's remit		
Total	-601	-658

The missions outside the audit mission were approved by the Audit & Risk Committee.

Main components of variations in provisions:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Provisions related to the sales	-334	270
Other provisions	56	733
TOTAL VARIATIONS IN PROVISIONS	-278	1,003
Increase	1,623	1,834
Use and reversal	-1,901	-831

7) Share in the result of joint ventures and associates, net of tax

The share in the net result of joint ventures and associates breaks down as follows:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Operating result	14,772	73,549
Financial result	-10,495	-5,168
Income taxes	-1,276	-1,200
RESULT OF THE PERIOD	3,001	67,181



The decrease in the share of the result of joint ventures and associates is mainly driven by the higher financial expenses from project Multitower in Belgium, Central point in Poland and White rose park in United Kingdom. In 2022, the result of joint ventures and associates was mainly driven by the sale of Cours Saint-Michel.

Further information relating to joint ventures and associates is provided in note 15.

8) Net financial costs

The financial result breaks down as follows:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Interest expense under the effective interest method	-33,549	-19,728
Capitalised interests on projects in development	23,685	15,553
Fair value changes		-89
Interest income	10,513	4,398
Other financial income and expenses	-2,601	-4,489
FINANCIAL RESULT	-1,952	-4,355

The interest income increased mainly thanks to the proceeds of short term placements of excess cash and hedge instruments partially offset by higher interest expense on financial debts.

9) Income taxes

Income taxes are as follows:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Current income taxes for the current year	-1,307	-5,299
Current income taxes for the previous financial years	-1,011	-1,161
Deferred taxes on temporary differences	7	3,705
Derecognized deferred tax assets	-9,950	
TOTAL OF TAX EXPENSES RECOGNIZED IN THE STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	-12,261	-2,755
Current taxes	-2,318	-6,460
Change in tax receivables / tax payables	-11,901	-1,867
PAID INCOME TAXES (STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW)	-14,219	-8,327

Recognised tax expenses are higher, mainly driven by the lower recognition of deferred tax assets partially offset by a lower net result for the period.

The reconciliation of the actual tax charge with the theoretical tax charge is summarised as follows:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Result from continuing operations before taxes	-25,326	13,128
Result from joint ventures and associates	-3,001	-67,181
RESULT BEFORE TAXES AND SHARE IN THE RESULT OF JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATES	-28,326	-54,053
THEORETICAL INCOME TAXE CHARGE AT:	25.00%	25.00%
	7,082	13,513
Tax impact		
- non-taxable income	2,253	5,022
- non-deductible expenses	-2,584	-13,618
- use of tax losses and notional interests deduction carried forward on which no DTA was recognised in previous years	1,180	802
- tax losses of current year on which no DTA is recognised	-5,233	-3,622
- tax losses of prior years on which a DTA is recognized	1,438	990
- tax losses of prior years on which a DTA is derecognized	-9,950	
- (un)recognized tax latencies	-4,251	-2,201
- different tax rates	-386	-1,320
- Income taxes for the previous financial years	-1,809	-2,321
TAX CHARGE	-12,260	-2,755
EFFECTIVE TAX RATE OF THE YEAR	-43.28%	-5.10%



The change in effective tax rate is mainly due to the non-tax deductible impairment loss on goodwill in Immobel France Immobel that occurred in 2022.

The deferred tax asset positions were reviewed in order to make sure they can be recovered through future taxable income. This resulted in a derecognition of the deferred tax asset position on France for an amount of EUR 8.9 million due to lower profitability forecasts resulting from current market conditions.

10) Earnings per share

The basic result per share is obtained by dividing the result of the year by the average number of shares. Basic earnings per share are determined using the following information:

	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Net result of the period attributable to owners of the company	-38,423	10,723
Comprehensive income of the period EUR ('000	-40,127	15,464
Weighted average share outstanding		
Ordinary shares as at 1 January	9,997,356	9,997,356
Treasury shares as at 1 January	-25,434	-26,965
Treasury shares granted to a member of the executive committee		
Treasury shares disposed		1,531
Ordinary shares outstanding as at 31 DECEMBER	9,971,922	9,971,922
Weighted average share outstanding (basic)	9,970,986	9,970,986
Net result per share	-3.853	1.075

To take into account the potential dilutive impact of performance shares traded against treasury shares, diluted earnings per share are calculated. The calculation of the diluted earnings per share is based on the following data:

	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Net result of the period EUR ('000)	-38,423	10,723
Comprehensive income of the period EUR ('000)	-40,127	15,464
Weighted average share outstanding (basic)	9,970,986	9,970,986
Dilutive element: performance shares		1,531
Weighted average ordinary shares outstanding (diluted)	9,970,986	9,972,517
Diluted net result per share	-3.853	1.075
Diluted comprehensive income per share	-4.024	1.551

11) Intangible assets

Intangible assets evolve as follows:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
ACQUISITION COST AT THE END OF THE PREVIOUS PERIOD	2,799	1,333
Entry in consolidation scope		
Acquisitions	899	1,271
Disposals	3	195
ACQUISITION COST AT THE END OF THE YEAR	3,701	2,799
AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT AT THE END OF THE PREVIOUS PERIOD	-1,442	-1,087
Entry in consolidation scope		
Amortisation	- 433	- 153
Depreciation cancelled on disposals	- 133	- 202
AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT AT THE END OF THE YEAR	-2,008	-1,442
NET CARRYING AMOUNT AS AT 31 DECEMBER	1,693	1,357



12) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment evolve as follows:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
ACQUISITION COST AT THE END OF THE PREVIOUS PERIOD	7,369	5,693
Entry in consolidation scope		
Acquisitions	25	3,045
Disposals	-260	-1,369
ACQUISITION COST AT THE END OF THE YEAR	7,134	7,369
DEPRECIATIONS AND IMPAIRMENT AT THE END OF THE PREVIOUS PERIOD	-3,247	-2,900
Depreciations	-600	-450
Depreciation cancelled on disposals	138	103
DEPRECIATIONS AND IMPAIRMENT AT THE END OF THE YEAR	-3,709	-3,247
NET CARRYING AMOUNT AS AT 31 DECEMBER	3,425	4,122

Property, plant and equipment consist primarily of installation costs of the various registered offices.

13) Right-of-use assets

The right-of-use assets evolve as follows:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
ACQUISITION COST AT THE END OF THE PREVIOUS PERIOD	12,553	6,708
Entry in consolidation scope		
Acquisitions	2,782	10,115
Disposals	-4,311	-4,270
ACQUISITION COST AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	11,024	12,553
DEPRECIATIONS AND IMPAIRMENT AT THE END OF THE PREVIOUS PERIOD	-2 616	-2 616
Entry in consolidation scope		
Depreciations	-1,939	-2,747
Depreciation cancelled on disposals	3,073	3,067
Impairment loss on right-of-use assets	-525	
DEPRECIATIONS AND IMPAIRMENT AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	-2,007	-2,616
NET CARRYING AMOUNT AS AT 31 DECEMBER	9,017	9,937

14) Investment property

This heading includes leased out property acquired with a view to be redeveloped. Investment property evolves as follows:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
ACQUISITION COST AT THE END OF THE PREVIOUS YEAR	72,327	178,741
Entry in consolidation scope		
Disposal/exit from the consolidation scope		-2,952
Net carrying value of investment property transferred from/to inventories	13,853	-103,462
ACQUISITION COST AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	86,180	72,327
DEPRECIATIONS AND IMPAIRMENT AT THE END OF THE PREVIOUS YEAR	-4,641	-4,742
Depreciations	-1,393	-2,810
Depreciations and impairment cancelled following disposal/exit from the consolidation scope		2,911
Impairment loss on investment property	-20,000	
DEPRECIATIONS AND IMPAIRMENT AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	-26,034	-4,641
NET CARRYING AMOUNT AS AT 31 DECEMBER	60,146	67,686

The key projects included in investment property are Rueil Malmaison in France and Thomas in Luxembourg.

The useful lifetime of the Investment properties is based on the contract lease duration. The average useful life is 2.5 years. Investment property comprises a number of commercial properties that are leased to third parties. At the end of rental period, the development phase of the project starts. The impairment on investment property is due to the impairment loss on Rueil Malmaison.



15) Investments in joint ventures and associates

The contributions of joint ventures and associates in the statement of financial position and the statement of comprehensive income is as follows:

	EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Investments in joint ventures		157,003	135.495
Investments in associates		10,309	9.396
TOTAL INVESTMENTS INCLUDED IN THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION		167,312	144,891
	EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Advances from joint ventures - current liabilities		-25,244	-29,570
TOTAL ADVANCES FROM JOINT VENTURES		-25,244	-29,570
Advances to joint ventures - non-current assets		107,041	110,097
Advances to joint ventures - current assets		2,168	1,430
TOTAL ADVANCES TO JOINT VENTURES		109,209	111,527
Advances to associates - non-current assets		10,551	3,450
Advances to associates - current assets			
TOTAL ADVANCES TO ASSOCIATES		10,551	3,450
	EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Share in the net result of joint ventures		3,364	67.657
Share in the net result of associates		-363	- 476
SHARE OF JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATES IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		3.001	67.181

In accordance with the agreement under which the joint ventures and associates are established, the Group and the other investors have agreed to make additional contributions in proportion to their interests to make up any losses, if required, up to a maximum amount of EUR 38 543 thousand. No commitments have been recognised in these consolidated financial statements neither in associates nor for joint ventures in which the Group has joint control.

The book value of investments in joint ventures and associates evolve as follows:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
VALUE AS AT 1 JANUARY	144,891	156,532
Share in result	3,001	67,181
Acquisitions and capital injections	33,142	40,233
Scope changes	-5,624	15,456
Dividends received from joint ventures and associates	-8,303	-43,587
Disposals or liquidation of joint ventures and associates	-605	-83,680
Repayment of capital	-3,342	-8,827
Other changes	4,152	1,583
CHANGES FOR THE PERIOD	22,421	-11,641
VALUE AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023 / 31 DECEMBER 2022	167,312	144,891

THE BOOK VALUE OF ADVANCE FROM AND TO JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATES EVOLVE AS FOLLOWS

	ASSETS - EUR ('000)			LIABILITIES - EUR ('000		
	31/12/2023	31/12/2022		31/12/2023	31/12/2022	
VALUE AS AT 1 JANUARY	114,977	114,833		-29,570	-38,824	
Acquisitions and capital injections	42,969	79,217		-75,536	-99,848	
Repayment of capital	-38,196	-67,291		74,418	90,174	
Scope changes		-12,800		5,456	17,005	
Currency translation					2,202	
Other changes	10	1,018		-12	-279	
CHANGES FOR THE PERIOD	4,783	144		4,326	9,254	
VALUE AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023 / 31 DECEMBER 2022	119,760	114,977		-25,244	-29,570	

As there have been no indicators of impairment, no impairment testing has been carried out for the equity accounted investees.

The weighted average interest rate on loans to/from joint ventures and associates is 5,28% as at 31 December 2023 and 3.6% as at 31 December 2022. The repayment schedule for loans is defined at the end date of the projects.



The table below shows the contribution of joint ventures and associates in the statement of financial position and the statement of comprehensive income.

	% INTERE	ST	BOOK VALUE INVESTMENTS -		SHARE IN THE COMPREHENSIVE INCOME - EUR (000)		
AME	31/12/2023	31/12/2022	31/12/2023	31/12/2022	31/12/2023	31/12/20	
Bella Vita	50%	50%	64	76	-13		
BONDY CANAL	40%	40%		-37	93		
Boralina Investments, S.L.	50%	50%	43	86	-42		
Brouckère Tower Invest	50%	50%	47,898	35,981	592	3,4	
CBD International	50%	50%	1,788	2,310	-41	-2	
Château de Beggen	50%	50%	9	13	-4		
Cityzen Holding	50%	50%	332	1,699			
Cityzen Hotel	50%	50%	6,869	3,017	-342	-1	
Cityzen Office	50%	50%	19,813	8,180	622	-6	
Cityzen Residence	50%	50%	2,762	2,756	-169	-1	
CP Development Sp. z o.o.	50%	50%		-1,424	-1,418	-5	
CSM Development	50%	50%			-704	-1,6	
CSM Properties		50%				62,0	
Debrouckère Development	50%	50%	320	452	-132		
Debrouckère Land (ex-Mobius I)	50%	50%	33	83	-50		
Debrouckère Leisure	50%	50%	2,172	2,253	-81		
Debrouckère Office	50%	50%	3,730	3,736	-6		
Gateway		50%					
Goodways SA	50%	50%	3,065	3,168	-102		
HOUILLES JJ ROUSSEAU	50%	50%	3,000	5,.00	-1		
Ilot Ecluse	50%	50%	144	150	-6		
Immo Marial SàRL	50%	50%	1,421	150	71		
Immo PA 33 1	50%	50%	524	1,350	20		
Immo PA 44 1	50%	50%	1,507	504	76	-	
Immo PA 44 2	50%	50%	80	1,430	-21	-(
Key West Development	50%	50%	99	292	-193		
Kiem 2050 SàRL	70%		-79		-149		
Les Deux Princes Develop.	50%	50%	165	170	195	3,	
M1	33%	33%	3,296	2,034	4,483	1,4	
M7	33%	33%	-12	-12	-1		
Mobius II	50%	50%	9	686	-28		
Munroe K Luxembourg SA	50%	50%	7,965	8,085	-1,080	-:	
NP_AUBER		50%					
NP_AUBER_VH		50%					
NP_AUBERVIL	50%	50%	2,759	1,022	1,737		
NP_BESSANC2		50%					
NP_BESSANCOU		50%					
NP_CHARENT1	51%	50%	736		-66	-:	
NP_CRETEIL		50%		-1			
NP_EPINAY		33%					
NP_VAIRES		33%				-	
ODD Construct	50%	50%	581	1,292	-212		
Oxy Living	50%	50%	3,919	1,047	-352		
, ,		51%	-492	107	13		
PA_VILLA	51%						
Plateau d'Erpent	50%	50%	778	2,290	-11		
RAC3	40%	40%	3,681	3,536	145		
RAC4	40%	40%	1,313	1,317	-5		
RAC4 Developt	40%	40%	1,495	1,544	-49		
RAC5	40%	40%		5,858	168		
RAC6	40%	40%	1,730	4,223	-92	2,	
Surf Club Hospitality Group SL	50%	50%	5,497	5,485	12		
Surf Club Marbella Beach, S.L.	50%	50%	21,656	21,312	344		
TRELAMET	40%	40%	198	94	49		
ULB Holding	60%	60%		-5,782	-210		
Unipark	50%	50%	4,289	4,108	181		
Universalis Park 2	50%	50%	-75		-145	-	
Universalis Park 3	50%	50%	-155		-304	-	
Universalis Park 3AB	50%	50%	2,060	1,988	72		
Universalis Park 3C	50%	50%	430	418	12		
Urban Living Belgium	30%	30%	2,589	8,600	508		
OTAL JOINT VENTURES	22,0		157,003	135,495	3,364	67,	
277 SH	10%	10%	5,155	4,423	-28	01,	
Arlon 75	20%	20%	2,944	1,364	-1		
					-71		
Beiestack SA Polyx Office Development Feeder CV	20%	20%	776	1,308			
Belux Office Development Feeder CV	27%	26%	12	64	-9		
DHR Clos du Château	33%	33%	19	23	-4		
Immobel Belux Office Development Fund SCSP	20%	19%		1,213	-323	-	
MONTLHERY 2 BIS	20%	20%	4		14		
RICHELIEU	10%	10%	1,398	1,001	60		
T11 1000011TE0			10,309	9,396	- 363	-	
OTAL ASSOCIATES			. 0,000	-,			



The table below shows the advances from and to the joint ventures and associates in the statement of financial position.

	ADVANCES FROM VENTURES AND ASSET TO A SECOND FOR THE PROPERTY LAND	SOCIATES -)	ADVANCES TO JOIN AND ASSOCIATES NON-CURRENT	- EUR (000)	ADVANCES TO JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATES - EUR (000) CURRENT ASSETS		
NAME	CURRENT LIAB 31/12/2023	31/12/2022	31/12/2023	31/12/2022	31/12/2023	31/12/2022	
Bella Vita	0171272020	01/12/2022	01/12/2020	01/12/2022	01/12/2020	01/12/2021	
BONDY CANAL			3,626				
Boralina Investments, S.L.							
Brouckère Tower Invest			1,500				
CBD International			24,143	24,388			
Château de Beggen			7				
Cityzen Holding				522			
Cityzen Hotel				2,612			
Cityzen Office		1,575		3,543			
Cityzen Residence				2,633			
CP Development Sp. z o.o.							
CSM Development		50	507	57		844	
CSM Properties							
Debrouckère Development			5,290	2,957		63	
Debrouckère Land (ex-Mobius I)		494	2,357	349		486	
Debrouckère Leisure	99		2,888	2,260			
Debrouckère Office	-3,547	-2,881		138		180	
Gateway							
Goodways SA		125	4,109	3,256		30	
HOUILLES JJ ROUSSEAU			4		-1		
llot Ecluse							
Immo Marial SàRL	-1,688					2,514	
Immo PA 33 1	-510	-1,601				,	
Immo PA 44 1	-1,465	-419				-50	
Immo PA 44 2	,	-1,185			3,428	-150	
Key West Development		,	7,448	6,644	-,3		
Kiem 2050 SàRL			.,	-,	6,112		
Les Deux Princes Develop.	-921	-1,001			-,	-300	
M1	-3,479	-6,061					
M7	0,110	0,001					
Mobius II							
Munroe K Luxembourg SA			14,454	14,752	692	226	
NP_AUBER			14,404	251	002	220	
NP_AUBER_VH				158			
NP_AUBERVIL			3,158	2,945			
NP_BESSANC2			3,136				
NP_BESSANCOU				1,329			
NP_CHARENT1	EA		270	60			
	-54		-278	475			
NP_CRETEIL				405			
NP_EPINAY				1,176			
NP_VAIRES				504			
ODD Construct				584			
Oxy Living							
PA_VILLA			68	31			
Plateau d'Erpent				47		1,701	
RAC3	-3,473	-2,990					
RAC4	-1,747	-2,165	80	200			
RAC4 Developt		320	1,125	57		507	
RAC5		-6,107					
RAC6	-1,700	-1,337		1,320		-3,983	
Surf Club Hospitality Group SL							
Surf Club Marbella Beach, S.L.							
TRELAMET							
Unipark					320	206	
ULB Holding	-4,413	-4,141					
Universalis Park 2			6,899	5,869			
Universalis Park 3			9,689	9,305			
Universalis Park 3AB	-1,984	-1,901					
Universalis Park 3C	-361	-346					
Urban Living Belgium			19,968	21,773		1,178	
TOTAL JOINT VENTURES	-25,243	-29,570	107,041	110,097	10,551	3,450	
277 SH			60				
Arlon 75							
Beiestack SA							
Belux Office Development Feeder CV							
DHR Clos du Château							
Immobel Belux Office Development Fund SCSP							
MONTLHERY 2 BIS			375				
RICHELIEU	-1		1,733	1,430			
TOTAL ASSOCIATES	-1		2,168	1,430			
			, ,	, , ,			
TOTAL JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATES	-25,244	-29,570	109,209	111,527	10,551	3,450	



The tables below present condensed financial information of joint ventures and associates of the Group by entity. The amounts reported are the amounts determined in accordance with IFRS, before elimination of intercompany.

Chebry Company Compa	AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023		FIGURE					
Selen Viville Selen Vivill		TURNOVER					ALLOCATED TO	SHAREHOLDER LOANS BY THE
SOME	Bella Vita	0	-25	148	21	127		0
Social	BONDY CANAL		Ì					3,626
College of the September College of the Sept	Boralina Investments, S,L,	0					43	0
Cambra Margan Cambra	Brouckère Tower Invest							1,500
Grame Horder Gr	CBD International	0	-82	71,281	75,440	-4,159	1,788	24,143
Committed	Château de Beggen	0	-8	33	15	19	9	7
Cypen Bristings	Cityzen Holding	0	1	73,107	4,657	68,450	332	0
Copyright Residence	Cityzen Hotel	0	-685	28,756	15,018	13,738	6,869	0
CP Development Sq. 2 cos.	Cityzen Office	301						0
CSM Devicement	Cityzen Residence	0	-338	22,704	17,181	5,523	2,762	0
Debtsouder Land (1976) 15.00	CP Development Sp, z o,o,	0	-2,835	84,122	95,470	-11,348	0	0
Debtoncider and gen-booking 0 1-90 25.000 25.000 160 33 172 172 172 174 175 174 175 174 175	CSM Development	0	-1,407	11	4,646	-4,636	0	507
Debtrouckier Office 10,427	Debrouckère Development	156	-265	11,538	10,899	639	320	5,290
Debtious/SEA 0 200 7,040 7,400 3,7	Debrouckère Land (ex-Mobius I)	0	-100	25,930	25,865	65	33	2,357
Condensis	Debrouckère Leisure	0	-162	10,427	6,083	4,344	2,172	2,888
HOULES JECUSSAU 0 -2 -1	Debrouckère Office	261			7,549	7,460		0
HOULES J ROUSSAU	Goodways SA	0				3,440		4,109
Immo PA 431 0 142 3,383 541 2,842 524 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	HOUILLES JJ ROUSSEAU	0						3
Immo PA 461	llot Ecluse	0	-13	290	3	287	144	0
Immorb Marid SRIQ	Immo PA 33 1	0	142	3,383	541	2,842	524	0
Immobel Marial SaRL	Immo PA 44 1	52	40	1,056	7	1,049	1,507	0
Sey West Development	Immo PA 44 2	156	153	3,025	12	3,013	80	3,428
Sem 2050 S.A.J. 0 213 8.620 8,733 113 779	Immobel Marial SàRL	0	-42	7,034	7,434	-400	1,421	0
Les Deux Princes Develops. 518 300 2,066 1,525 531 165 M1 25,062 13,450 12,338 4,322 8,016 3,326 MM7 0 2,187 2,24 37 12, Mobius II 0 4,58 3,836 38,378 18 0 Murror K Livembourg SA 0 2,181 131,233 115,302 15,331 7,365 NP_CHARENTI 4,129 1,386 1,387 1,386 2,766 2,776 NP_CHARENTI 4,424 1,319 1,186	Key West Development	0	-386	15,111	14,913	198		7,448
MT O D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	Kiem 2050 S,à,r,l,	0	-213	8,620	8,733	-113	-79	6,112
M7	Les Deux Princes Develop,	518	390	2,056	1,525	531	165	0
Morbius II	M1	25,052	13,450	12,338	4,322	8,016	3,296	0
Murroe K Lusembourg SA 0 2,161 13,233 115,302 15,931 7,965 NP.AUBERVIL 28,647 3,467 20,372 14,866 5,506 2,759 NP.CHARRYIT 9 1-29 1,398 500 899 7,36 ODD Construct -9 424 1,319 158 1,161 581 ODU Living 0 7,705 8,601 764 7,837 3,319 PA_VILLA 0 0 26 5-501 464 9965 492 Patiesiu d'Experit 21 -23 2,766 1,209 1,557 778 RAC3 1 362 9,213 12 9,202 3,881 RAC4 Developt 13 -123 6,586 2,849 3,737 1,485 RAC5 0 420 0 0 0 0 0 0 RAC5 RAC5 0 420 0 0 0 0 0 0 RAC6 7 7 -230 5,587 1,331 4,386 1,730 Sulf Oub Hospitality Group St. Sulf Oub Marbella Beach, St. 0 688 46,557 3,345 43,313 21,666 TRELAMET 0 121 388 2 366 188 ULB Holding 0 349 18,287 19,788 1,481 0 0 Unipark 0 362 10,352 1,575 8,577 4,289 Universals Park 2 0 280 3,775 1,489 Universals Park 2 0 280 3,775 4,289 Universals Park 3 0 42,321 4,538 2,189 4,300 Universals Park 3 0 42,321 4,538 2,189 4,190 2,000 Universals Park 3 0 42,321 4,538 2,189 4,190 2,000 Universals Park 3 0 42,321 4,538 2,189 4,190 2,000 Universals Park 3 0 42,321 4,538 2,190 2,200 2,388 1,190 Universals Park 3 0 42,321 4,331 2,166 6 Universals Park 3 0 42,321 4,331 2,166 6 Universals Park 3 0 42,321 4,331 1,500 Universals Park 3 0 42,321 4,331 1,500 Universals Park 3 1,338 1,309 1,309 1,309 1,309 1,309 1,309 1,300 1,3	M7	0	-2	187	224	-37	-12	0
NP_AUBERVIL 28,647 3,467 20,372 14,866 5,506 2,759 NP_CHARENTI 9 -128 1,398 500 899 736 ODD Construct 9 424 1,318 158 1,161 581 ON Living 0 705 8,601 764 7,337 3,919 PA_VILLA 0 26 501 464 966 492 Pateau d'Epent 21 22 2,766 1,209 1,557 778 RAC3 11 362 9,213 12 9,202 3,681 RAC4 0 12 31,800 28,322 3,282 1,313 RAC4 0 12 31,800 28,322 3,282 1,313 RAC5 0 420 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Mobius II	0	-56	-38,356	-38,375	18	9	0
NP_CHARENT1	Munroe K Luxembourg SA	0	-2,161	131,233	115,302	15,931	7,965	15,146
ODD Construct		28,647	3,467	20,372	14,866	5,506	2,759	3,158
Day Living	NP_CHARENT1	-9	-129	1,398	500	899	736	-278
PA_VILLA 0 26 -501 464 -965 -492 Plateau d'Erpent 21 -23 2,766 1,209 1,557 778 RAC3 1 362 9,213 12 9,202 3,681 RAC4 0 0 -12 31,603 28,322 3,282 1,313 RAC4 Developt 13 -123 6,586 2,849 3,737 1,495 RAC5 0 420 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 RAC6 7 -230 5,597 1,631 4,326 1,730 Surf Club Hospitality Group SL 0 25 11,010 16 10,994 5,497 Surf Club Marbella Beach, S.L. 0 688 46,557 3,245 43,313 21,656 TRELAMET 0 121 358 2 356 198 ULB Holding 0 -349 18,287 19,768 -1,481 0 0 Unipark 0 362 10,525 1,675 8,577 4,289 Universalis Park 2 0 -290 26,426 29,226 -2,800 -75 Universalis Park 3AB 0 43,388 218 41,20 2,060 Universalis Park 3AB 0 146 4,338 11,008 1,334,2112 934,773 407,339 157,004 Uriban Living Belgium 61,169 1,399 177,363 170,444 6,919 2,589 Uriban Living Belgium 61,169 1,390 177,363 170,444 6,919 2,589 Belestack SA 0 -35,608 20,788 14,620 2,336 Belestack SA 0 -35,608 20,224 14,078 6,146 776 Belku Office Development Feeder CV 0 -36 37,824 3,246 34,578 0 1 Immobel Belku Office Development Fund SCSP 0 -1,616 37,824 3,246 34,578 0 1 Immobel Belku Office Development Fund SCSP 0 -1,616 37,824 3,246 34,578 0 1 RICHARLE UNIVERSALIS 1,398 1,398 1,398 1,398 1,309 RICHARLE UNIVERSALIS 1,398 1,398 1,398 1,398 1,309 RICHARLE UNIVERSALIS 1,398 1,398 1,398 1,398 1,300 12 DIR Clos du Château 1 0 -1,616 37,824 3,246 34,578 0 1 RICHARLE UNIVERSALIS 1,398	ODD Construct	-9	-424	1,319	158	1,161	581	0
Plateau d'Erpent 21	Oxy Living	0	-705	8,601	764	7,837	3,919	,0
RAC3	PA_VILLA	0	26	-501	464	-965	-492	68
RAC4 0 1-12 31,003 28,322 3,282 1,313 RAC4 Developt 13 -123 6,586 2,849 3,737 1,495 RAC5 0 420 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 RAC5 0 0 420 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		21	-23	2,766	1,209	1,557	778	0
RAC4 Developt 13 1-123 6,586 2,849 3,737 1,495 RAC5 0 420 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		11_	362	9,213	12	9,202	3,681	0
RACS 0 420 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 RAC6 7 -230 5,957 1,631 4,326 1,730 Suff Club Hospitality Group SL 0 25 11,010 16 10,994 5,497 Surf Club Marbella Beach, S.L, 0 688 46,557 3,245 43,313 21,656 TRELAMET 0 121 358 2 356 198 ULB Holding 0 -349 18,287 19,768 1,481 0 Unipark 0 362 10,252 1,675 8,577 4,289 Universalis Park 2 0 -290 26,426 29,226 -2,800 -75 Universalis Park 3 0 -609 36,179 42,321 -6,143 -155 Universalis Park 3 0 4,094 348 21 4,120 2,060 Universalis Park 3 0 2 3 1,037 178 859 430 Ulriban Living Belgium 61,169 1,309 177,363 170,444 6,919 2,589 TOTAL JOINT VENTURES 116,338 11,808 1,342,112 934,773 407,339 157,004 277 SH 107 -281 129,442 77,893 51,550 5,155 Arlon 75 Beliestack SA 0 -352 20,224 14,078 6,146 776 Beliestack SA 0 -4,616 37,824 3,246 34,578 0 MONTLHERY 2 BIS 0 68 9,438 9,493 -55 4 RICHELIEU 0 660 2 70,417 56,435 13,982 1,398		0	-12	31,603	28,322	3,282	1,313	80
RAC6 7 - 230 5,957 1,631 4,326 1,730 Suff Club Hospitality Group SL 0 25 11,010 16 10,994 5,497 Suff Club Marbella Beach, SL, 0 688 46,557 3,245 43,313 21,656 TRELAMET 0 121 358 2 356 198 ULB Holding 0 349 18,287 19,768 -1,481 0 Universalis Park 2 0 362 10,252 1,675 8,577 4,289 Universalis Park 2 0 26,426 29,226 -2,800 -75 Universalis Park 3 0 -609 36,179 42,321 -6,143 -155 Universalis Park 3 0 145 4,338 218 4,120 2,060 Universalis Park 3 0 145 4,338 218 4,120 2,060 Universalis Park 3 0 151,699 17,768 170,444 6,919 2,589 TOTAL JOINT VENTURES 116,338 11,808 1,342,112 934,773 407,339 157,004 277 SH 107 -281 129,442 77,893 51,550 5,155 Afon 75 Belux Office Development Feeder CV 0 3-35 31,212 3 31,209 12 Universalis Park 2 0 3,438 9,493 -55 4 RICCHELEU 0 0 602 70,417 56,435 13,982 1,398 RICCHELEU 0 0 602 70,417 56,435 13,982 1,398 RICCHELEU 0 0 602 70,417 56,435 13,982 1,398		13	-123	6,586	2,849	3,737	1,495	1,125
Surf Club Hospitality Group SL O D Surf Club Marbella Beach, S.L. O Surf Club Marbella Marbella Surf Surf Surf Surf Surf Surf Surf Surf		0	420	0	0	0	0	0
Surf Club Marbella Beach, S.L. 0 688 46,557 3,245 43,313 21,656 TRELAMET 0 121 358 2 356 198 ULB Holding 0 -349 18,287 19,768 -1,481 0 Unipark 0 362 10,252 1,675 8,577 4,289 Universalis Park 2 0 -290 26,426 29,226 -2,800 -75 Universalis Park 3 0 -609 36,179 42,321 -6,143 -155 Universalis Park 3C 0 145 4,338 218 4,120 2,060 Universalis Park 3C 0 23 1,037 178 859 430 Universalis Park 3C 0 23 1,037 178 859 430 Universalis Park 3C 0 23 1,037 178 859 430 Universalis Park 3C 0 23 1,037 178 859 430 Universa		7	-230	5,957	1,631	4,326	1,730	0
TRELAMET 0 121 358 2 356 198 ULB Holding 0 -349 18,287 19,768 -1,481 0 Unipark 0 362 10,252 1,675 8,577 4,289 Universalis Park 2 0 -290 26,426 29,226 -2,800 -75 Universalis Park 3 0 -609 36,179 42,321 -6,143 -155 Universalis Park 3AB 0 145 4,338 218 4,120 2,060 Universalis Park 3C 0 23 1,037 178 859 430 Urban Living Belgium 61,169 1,309 177,363 170,444 6,919 2,589 TOTAL JOINT VENTURES 116,338 11,808 1,342,112 934,773 407,339 157,004 277 SH 107 -281 129,442 77,893 51,550 5,155 Arlon 75 0 -7 35,408 20,788 14,620 2,936 Belestack SA 0 -352 20,224 14,078 6,146 776 Belux Office Development Feeder CV 0 -35 31,212 3 31,209 12 DHR Clos du Château 0 -11 74 16 58 19 Immobel Belux Office Development Fund SCSP 0 -1,616 37,824 3,246 34,579 0 MONTLHERY 2 BIS 0 68 9,438 9,493 -55 4 RICHELEU 0 602 70,417 56,435 13,982 1,398		0	25	11,010	16	10,994	5,497	0
ULB Holding 0 -349 18,287 19,768 -1,481 0 Unipark 0 362 10,252 1,675 8,577 4,289 Universalis Park 2 0 -290 26,426 29,226 -2,800 -75 Universalis Park 3 0 -609 36,179 42,321 -6,143 -155 Universalis Park 3AB 0 145 4,338 218 4,120 2,060 Universalis Park 3C 0 23 1,037 178 859 430 Urban Living Belgium 61,169 1,309 177,363 170,444 6,919 2,589 TOTAL JOINT VENTURES 116,338 11,808 1,342,112 934,773 407,339 157,004 277 SH 107 -281 129,442 77,893 51,550 5,155 Arlon 75 0 -7 35,408 20,788 14,620 2,936 Beiestack SA 0 -352 20,224 14,078 6,146 776								0
Unipark 0 362 10,252 1,675 8,577 4,289 Universalis Park 2 0 -290 26,426 29,226 -2,800 -75 Universalis Park 3 0 -609 36,179 42,321 -6,143 -155 Universalis Park 3AB 0 145 4,338 218 4,120 2,060 Universalis Park 3C 0 23 1,037 178 859 430 Urban Living Belgium 61,169 1,309 177,363 170,444 6,919 2,589 TOTAL JOINT VENTURES 116,338 11,808 1,342,112 934,773 407,339 157,004 277 SH 107 -281 129,442 77,893 51,550 5,155 Arlon 75 0 -7 35,408 20,788 14,620 2,936 Beiestack SA 0 -362 20,224 14,078 6,146 776 Belux Office Development Feeder CV 0 -35 31,212 3 31,209								0
Universalis Park 2 0								0
Universalis Park 3 0		0	362	10,252	1,675	8,577	4,289	320
Universalis Park 3AB 0 145 4,338 218 4,120 2,060 Universalis Park 3C 0 23 1,037 178 859 430 Urban Living Belgium 61,169 1,309 177,363 170,444 6,919 2,589 TOTAL JOINT VENTURES 116,338 11,808 1,342,112 934,773 407,339 157,004 277 SH 107 -281 129,442 77,893 51,550 5,155 Arlon 75 0 -7 35,408 20,788 14,620 2,936 Belestack SA 0 -352 20,224 14,078 6,146 776 Belux Office Development Feeder CV 0 -35 31,212 3 31,209 12 DHR Clos du Château 0 -11 74 16 58 19 Immobel Belux Office Development Fund SCSP 0 68 9,438 9,493 -55 4 RICHLEIU 0 602 70,417 56,435 13,982 1,398		0	-290	26,426	29,226	-2,800	-75	6,899
Universalis Park 3C 0 23 1,037 178 859 430 Urban Living Belgium 61,169 1,309 177,363 170,444 6,919 2,589 TOTAL JOINT VENTURES 116,338 11,808 1,342,112 934,773 407,339 157,004 277 SH 107 -281 129,442 77,893 51,550 5,155 Arlon 75 0 -7 35,408 20,788 14,620 2,936 Beiestack SA 0 3-352 20,224 14,078 6,146 776 Belux Office Development Feeder CV 0 3-35 31,212 3 31,209 12 DHR Clos du Château 0 -11 74 16 58 19 Immobel Belux Office Development Fund SCSP 0 -1,616 37,824 3,246 34,578 0 MONTLHERY 2 BIS 0 68 9,438 9,493 -55 4 RICHELIEU 0 602 70,417 56,435 13,982 1,398		0	-609	36,179	42,321	-6,143	-155	9,689
Urban Living Belgium 61,169 1,309 177,363 170,444 6,919 2,589 TOTAL JOINT VENTURES 116,338 11,808 1,342,112 934,773 407,339 157,004 277 SH 107 -281 129,442 77,893 51,550 5,155 Arlon 75 0 -7 35,408 20,788 14,620 2,936 Beleistack SA 0 -352 20,224 14,078 6,146 776 Belux Office Development Feeder CV 0 -35 31,212 3 31,209 12 DHR Clos du Château 0 -11 74 16 58 19 Immobel Belux Office Development Fund SCSP 0 -1,616 37,824 3,246 34,578 0 MONTLHERY 2 BIS 0 68 9,438 9,493 -55 4 RICHELIEU 0 602 70,417 56,435 13,982 1,398		i			Î	ì		0
TOTAL JOINT VENTURES 116,338 11,808 1,342,112 934,773 407,339 157,004 277 SH 107 -281 129,442 77,893 51,550 5,155 Arlon 75 0 -7 35,408 20,788 14,620 2,936 Beiestack SA 0 -352 20,224 14,078 6,146 776 Belux Office Development Feeder CV 0 -35 31,212 3 31,209 12 DHR Clos du Château 0 -11 74 16 58 19 Immobel Belux Office Development Fund SCSP 0 -1,616 37,824 3,246 34,578 0 MONTLHERY 2 BIS 0 68 9,438 9,493 -55 4 RICHELIEU 0 602 70,417 56,435 13,982 1,398		İ						0
277 SH 107 -281 129,442 77,893 51,550 5,155 Arlon 75 0 -7 35,408 20,788 14,620 2,936 Belestack SA 0 -352 20,224 14,078 6,146 776 Belux Office Development Feeder CV 0 -35 31,212 3 31,209 12 DHR Clos du Château 0 -11 74 16 58 19 Immobel Belux Office Development Fund SCSP 0 -1,616 37,824 3,246 34,578 0 MONTLHERY 2 BIS 0 68 9,438 9,493 -55 4 RICHELIEU 0 602 70,417 56,435 13,982 1,398								19,968
Arlon 75 0 -7 35,408 20,788 14,620 2,936 Beiestack SA 0 -352 20,224 14,078 6,146 776 Belux Office Development Feeder CV 0 -35 31,212 3 31,209 12 DHR Clos du Château 0 -11 74 16 58 19 Immobel Belux Office Development Fund SCSP 0 -1,616 37,824 3,246 34,578 0 MONTLHERY 2 BIS 0 68 9,438 9,493 -55 4 RICHELIEU 0 602 70,417 56,435 13,982 1,398								117,592
Beiestack SA 0 -352 20,224 14,078 6,146 776 Belux Office Development Feeder CV 0 -35 31,212 3 31,209 12 DHR Clos du Château 0 -11 74 16 58 19 Immobel Belux Office Development Fund SCSP 0 -1,616 37,824 3,246 34,578 0 MONTLHERY 2 BIS 0 68 9,438 9,493 -55 4 RICHELIEU 0 602 70,417 56,435 13,982 1,398								60
Belux Office Development Feeder CV 0 -35 31,212 3 31,209 12 DHR Clos du Château 0 -11 74 16 58 19 Immobel Belux Office Development Fund SCSP 0 -1,616 37,824 3,246 34,578 0 MONTLHERY 2 BIS 0 68 9,438 9,493 -55 4 RICHELIEU 0 602 70,417 56,435 13,982 1,398								0
DHR Clos du Château 0 -11 74 16 58 19 Immobel Belux Office Development Fund SCSP 0 -1,616 37,824 3,246 34,578 0 MONTLHERY 2 BIS 0 68 9,438 9,493 -55 4 RICHELIEU 0 602 70,417 56,435 13,982 1,398			1			ì		0
Immobel Beliux Office Development Fund SCSP				31,212	3			0
MONTLHERY 2 BIS 0 68 9,438 9,493 -55 4 RICHELIEU 0 602 70,417 56,435 13,982 1,398		0	-11	74	16	58	19	0
RICHELIEU 0 662 70,417 56,435 13,982 1,398	Immobel Belux Office Development Fund SCSP	0	-1,616	37,824	3,246	34,578	0	0
RICHELIEU 0 602 70,417 56,435 13,982 1,398	MONTLHERY 2 BIS	0	68	9,438	9,493	-55	4	375
TOTAL ACCOCUATES	RICHELIEU	1					1,398	1,733
107 -1,032 334,039 101,932 132,007 10,309	TOTAL ASSOCIATES	107	-1,632	334,039	181,952	152,087	10,309	2,168
TOTAL JOINT VENTURES								119,760



		F					
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022	TURNOVER	COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	TOTAL ASSETS	TOTAL LIABILITIES	TOTAL EQUITY	TOTAL EQUITY ALLOCATED TO THE GROUP	SHAREHOLDER LOANS BY THE GROUP
Bella Vita	0	56	155	2	152	76	0
BONDY CANAL	0	-1	8,058	8,048	9	-37	0
Boralina Investments, S,L,	0	-48	55,585	78	55,507	86	0
Brouckère Tower Invest	659	6,848	231,577	159,615	71,962	35,981	0
CBD International Château de Beggen	0	-486	60,999	65,404	-4,405	2,310	24,388
Cityzen Holding	0	-6 -18	42 35,022	1,048	27 33,975	1,699	522
Cityzen Hotel	0	-358	23,532	17,499	6,033	3,017	2,612
Cityzen Office	0	-1,251	65,036	48,676	16,360	8,180	3,543
Cityzen Residence	0	-383	22,762	17,250	5,512	2,756	2,633
CP Development Sp, z o,o,	1,482	-1,154	84,158	87,006	-2,847	-1,424	0
CSM Development	0	-3,205	1,168	4,397	-3,229	0	901
CSM Properties	0	-6,040	0	0	0	0	0
Debrouckère Development	0	-89	10,246	9,342	904	452	3,020
Debrouckère Land (ex-Mobius I)	0	-14	23,994	23,829	165	83	835
Debrouckère Leisure	0	-59	9,240	4,733	4,507	2,253	2,260
Debrouckère Office	0	-9	15,306	7,835	7,471	3,736	318
Garden Point	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gateway SA	0	-7	0	0	0	0	0
Goodways SA HOUILLES JJ ROUSSEAU	0	-133	22,683	19,039	3,644	3,168	3,286
llot Ecluse	0	0,	1	0	1	0	0
Immo PA 33 1	0	-26 71	302	516	2,700	150 1,350	0
Immo PA 441	1,348	-354	1,060	52	1,009	0	-50
Immo PA 44 2	4,043	-1,986	3,027	166	2,861	1,430	-150
Immobel Marial SàRL	0	-241	5,052	5,410	-358	0	2,514
Key West Development	0	-191	14,022	13,439	584	292	6,644
Les Deux Princes Develop,	-824	6,218	4,557	4,216	341	170	-300
M1	19,267	4,278	23,690	17,589	6,101	2,034	0
M7	0	-12	194	230	-35	-12	0
Mobius II	0	39	-36,261	-37,632	1,372	686	0
Munroe K Luxembourg SA	0	-622	126,857	110,688	16,169	8,085	14,978
NP_AUBER	0	-138	425	708	-282	0	251
NP_AUBER_VH	0	-35	733	739	-6	0	158
NP_AUBERVIL NP_BESSANC2	21,499	1,393	15,394	13,355	2,039	1,022	2,945
NP_BESSANCU	3,461	,351	2,661	2,387	274	0	1,329
NP CHARENT1	0	99	603	211	392	0	60
NP_CRETEIL	929	-516 -6	1,764	2,215	-451 -2	-1	475 405
NP EPINAY	-6,518	-116	1,857	1,802	54	0	1,176
NP_VAIRES	0,010	-134	1,535	1,560	-25	0	0
ODD Construct	6,400	257	5,246	2,661	2,585	1,292	584
Oxy Living	0	-6	2,439	344	2,095	1,047	0
PA_VILLA	0	288	820	610	209	107	31
Plateau d'Erpent	853	933	10,890	6,310	4,580	2,290	1,748
RAC3	1	333	8,851	11	8,840	3,536	0
RAC4	0	-8	31,588	28,295	3,294	1,317	200
RAC4 Developt	0	-57	6,142	2,282	3,859	1,544	564
RAC5	0	516	15,275	631	14,644	5,858	0
RAC6 Surf Club Hospitality Group SL	33,386	5,100	12,228	1,672	10,556	4,223	-2,663
Surf Club Marbella Beach, S,L,	0	-31	11,014	44	10,970	5,485	0
TRELAMET	0	-166	46,428	3,803	42,624	21,312	0
ULB Holding	0	-350	289 18,260	55 19,391	-1,132	94 -5,782	0
Unipark	0	84	10,309	2,093	8,216	4,108	206
Universalis Park 2	0	-266	24,954	27,464	-2,510	4,100	5,869
Universalis Park 3	0	-559	35,178	40,712	-5,534	0	9,305
Universalis Park 3AB	0	27	4,176	201	3,975	1,988	0
Universalis Park 3C	0	2	1,009	173	836	418	0
Urban Living Belgium	30,885	602	202,633	197,023	5,609	8,600	22,951
TOTAL JOINT VENTURES	116,870	8,531	1,287,980	945,246	342,734	135,495	113,547
277 SH	0	-217	113,600	69,369	44,230	4,423	0
Arlon 75	0	-26	32,782	26,008	6,774	1,364	0
Beiestack SA	0	-82	21,157	14,660	6,497	1,308	0
Belux Office Development Feeder CV	0	-21	31,416	2	31,414	64	0
				•			_
DHR Clos du Château Immobel Belux Office Development Fund SCSP	0	-10	85	16	69	23	0



RICHELIEU	0	0	64,724	54,714	10,010	1,001	1,430
TOTAL ASSOCIATES	0	-2,472	301,110	166,734	134,376	9,396	1,430
TOTAL JOINT VENTURES							
AND ASSOCIATES	116,870	6,059	1,589,090	1,111,980	477,110	144,891	114,977

The tables below present condensed financial information of all joint ventures and associates of the Group as well as a breakdown of the inventories, investment properties and the financial debts. Figures are presented at 100%.

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

Main components of assets and	l liabilities:		Main projects and financial debts	INVENTORIES AND INVESTMENT PROPERTY	FINANCIAL DEBTS
Investment property	140,646		Cityzen Hotel	25,599	13,940
Other fixed assets	215,828		Cityzen Office	82,008	40,120
Inventories	1,054,772		Cityzen Residence	21,501	13,940
Cash and cash equivalents	59,821		Goodways SA	20,870	12,500
Receivables and other assets	203,013		RAC4	24,456	28,000
Other financial assets	2,073		Universalis Park 2	24,584	12,700
Non-current financial debts		442,946	Universalis Park 3	35,795	15,930
Current Financial debts		184,955	Urban Living Belgium	143,419	71,458
Deferred tax liabilities		4,530	Debrouckère Land (ex-Mobius I)	25,094	21,150
Shareholder's loans		160,661	CP Development Sp, z o,o,	78,270	24,936
Other Liabilities		323,337	Brouckère Tower Invest	230,173	142,489
Other financiall liabilities		296	Others	483,649	230,738
TOTAL	1,676,151	1,116,725	TOTAL	1,195,418	627,901

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

Main components of assets and liabilities:		Main projects and financial debts	INVENTORIES AND INVESTMENT PROPERTY	FINANCIAL DEBTS	
Investment property	143,336		Cityzen Hotel	20,732	13,940
Other fixed assets	183,059		Cityzen Office	59,863	40,120
Inventories	952,986		Cityzen Residence	20,415	13,940
Cash and cash equivalents	98,127		RAC4	23,287	28,000
Receivables and other assets	211,582		Universalis Park 2	23,412	12,700
Non-current financial debts		343,130	Universalis Park 3	34,358	15,930
Current Financial debts		277,443	Urban Living Belgium	144,734	74,352
Deferred tax liabilities		5,071	Debrouckère Land (ex-Mobius I)	23,973	21,150
Shareholder's loans		157,052	CP Development Sp, z o,o,	77,964	25,975
Other Liabilities		329,284	Brouckère Tower Invest	205,395	142,336
TOTAL	1,589,090	1,111,980	Beiestack SA	20,196	11,779
			Others	441,991	220,351
			TOTAL	1,096,322	620,573

In case of financial debts towards credit institutions, the shareholder loans reimbursements (reimbursement of cash to the mother company) are subordinated to the reimbursements towards credit institutions.

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Amount of debts guaranteed by securities	241.239	175,951
Book value of Group's assets pledged for debt securities	425,357	299,004

For the main debts towards credit institutions mentioned above, the company Immobel SA has engaged itself to provide the necessary financial means in order to bring the different projects to a good end ("cash deficiency" and "cost overrun" engagements). There are no significant restrictions which limit the Group's ability to access the assets of joint ventures and associates, nor specific risks or commitments other than those relating to bank loans.



16) Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets or liabilities are recorded in the balance sheet on deductible or taxable temporary differences, tax losses and tax credits carried forward. Changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless they relate to items directly recognised in other comprehensive income. Immobel has reviewed the recoverability of the deferred tax assets on:

- The availability of sufficient taxable temporary differences
- The probability that the entity will have sufficient taxable profits in the future, in the same period as the reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in the periods into which a tax loss can be carried back or forward
- The availability of tax planning opportunities that allow the recovery of deferred tax assets Deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to the following temporary differences:

EUR ('000)	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS		DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES	
	31/12/2023	31/12/2022	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Tax losses	23,031	34,501		
Timing difference on projects valuation	4,476	2,151	36,882	36,164
Derivative instruments				
Fair value of financial instruments			-61	-61
Other items	3	55	-89	7
Netting (net tax position per entity)	-14,055	-14,974	-14,055	-14,974
TOTAL	13,455	21,733	22,676	21,136
VALUE AS AT 1 JANUARY	21,733		21,136	
Deferred tax recognised in the equity attributable to owners of the company	-200		-11,603	
Deferred tax recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income	-8,078		13,143	
VALUE AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023	13,455		22,676	

With a derecognition of the deferred tax assets position on a number of projects in France for a total amount of EUR 8,9 million due to lower profitability forecasts resulting from current market conditions, Immobel France is no longer the main contributor to the deferred tax assets

Immobel and Infinito contribute for the most part to the deferred tax liabilities.

Immobel holds for EUR 113 million of tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognized.

None of the recognized tax losses carried forward expire, except for the Polish tax losses, which may be carried forward for only 5 consecutive tax years, subject to the restriction that not more than 50% of the amount of the tax loss from a given past year can be utilised in any single subsequent tax year.

TEMPORARY DIFFERENCES OR TAX LOSSES FOR WHICH DEFERRED TAX ASSETS ARE RECOGNISED IN THE BALANCE	EUR ('000)	
SHEET, FROM WHICH:	6,992	
Expiring at the end of 2024	533	
Expiring at the end of 2025	898	
Expiring at the end of 2026	1,763	
Expiring at the end of 2027	1,305	
Expiring at the end of 2028	2,493	

17) Inventories

Inventories consist of buildings and land acquired for development and resale. Allocation of inventories by geographical segment is as follows:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Belgium	484,530	436,740
Luxembourg	206,428	152,357
France	210,005	218,021
Germany	111,617	112,465
Poland	102,887	64,229
Spain	2,698	1,914
TOTAL INVENTORIES	1,118,165	985,726

Offices	Residential	Landbanking	31/12/2023
ľ	Offices	Offices Residential	Offices Residential Landbanking



Total	305,728	599,806	80,192	985,726
Spain		1,914		1,914
Poland		64,229		64,229
Germany		112,465		112,465
France	159,962	58,059		218,021
Luxembourg	1,335	151,022		152,357
Belgium	144,431	212,117	80,192	436,740
Cross-analysis by type of project and by geographical zone - EUR (000)	Offices	Residential	Landbanking	31/12/2022
Total	338,840	707,635	71,690	1,118,165
Spain		2,698		2,698
Poland		102,887		102,887
Germany		111,617		111,617
France	162,497	47,508		210,005
Luxembourg	784	205,643		206,427
Belgium	175,558	237,282	71,690	484,530

The main changes on inventory are mainly driven by Gasperich in Luxembourg, by the ongoing development of Granaria in Poland and of the Proximus in Belgium. Immobel and Proximus agreed to extend the timeline for the sale of the Proximus Towers with Immobel holding the sole right to call the transaction, for which Immobel made an irrevocable payment of EUR 30 million. This payment serves an advanced payment to the acquisition price upon calling the option.

The main projects in inventories include Proximus, O'Sea, Isala and Lebeau Sablon in Belgium, Gasperich, Polvermillen and Cat Club in Luxembourg, Saint-Antoine, Tati in France, Eden in Germany and Granaria Gdansk in Poland.

The weighted average interest rate on borrowing costs capitalized on Project Financing Credits and on Bonds was 3.7% in 2023 and 3.6% in 2022.

The inventories break down as follows:

	EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
INVENTORIES AS AT 1 JANUARY		985,726	698,623
Net book value of investment property transferred from/to inventories		-13 853	103,462
Purchases of the year		41,969	37,857
Developments		223,541	340,856
Disposals of the year		-137,430	-208,866
Borrowing costs		23,685	15,553
Scope changes		534	-1,759
Write-off		-6,008	
CHANGES FOR THE PERIOD		132,439	287,103
INVENTORIES AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023 / 31 DECEMBER 2022		1,118,165	985,726

Management has considered the current Real Estate market environment in its net realisable value assessment and estimates that current book value of inventory can be recoverable by future sales.

Total	271,952	-137,429	17,243	534	-6,008	-13,853	132,439
United Kingdom							
Spain	984	-200					784
Poland	36,671	-627	2,138	476			38,658
Germany	3,540	-6,340	1,952				-848
France	53,116	-41,073	-206		-6,000	-13,853	-8,016
Luxembourg	64,983	-13,710	2,797				54,070
Belgium	112,657	-75,479	10,562	58	-8		47,790
Breakdown of the movements by geographical area : EUR ('000)	Purchases/ Developments	Disposals	Borrowing costs	Scope changes	Write-off	Net book value of investment property transferred from/to inventories	Net

EUR ('000) 31/12/2023 31/12/2022

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Within 12 months	223,579	175,902
Beyond 12 months	894,586	809,824
Breakdwon of the stock by type:		
Without permit	684,779	617,759
Permit obtained but not yet in development		
In development	433,386	367,967

The book value of the Group's assets pledged for debt securities related to investment property and inventory as a whole was EUR 1 041 million compared to EUR 893 million at the end of 2022, representing an increase of EUR 148 million.

As at 31 December 2023, Immobel acknowledged a capital commitment for an amount of EUR 58 690 thousand for projects.

18) Trade receivables

Trade receivables refer to the following operational segments:

EUR ('C	000) 31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Belgium	10,547	7,737
Luxembourg	2,927	1,050
France	6,899	5,133
Germany	3,120	3,072
Poland	194	179
Spain	442	420
United Kingdom	69	
TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES	24,198	17,591
The analysis of the delay of payment arises as follows:	000) 31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Due < 3 months	5,758	1,609
Due > 3 months < 6 months	3,462	710
Due > 6 months < 12 months	431	333
Due > 6 months < 12 months		

The increase in trade receivables is mainly related to the outstanding position on project Savigny-sur-orge, which was settled after year end. Other important positions are on ongoing projects Ilot St Roch and Eden.

CREDIT RISK

Trade receivables mainly relate to receivables either for equity accounted investees or for customers. The credit risk for both types of receivables is considered as immaterial. Receivables towards equity accounted investees are typically backed by an asset under development. Receivables for customers are typically backed by the asset sold which serves as collateral.

Impairments recorded on trade receivables evolve as follows:

EUR	('000')	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
BALANCE AT 1 JANUARY		708	627
Additions			81
Discounts		- 131	
MOVEMENTS OF THE PERIOD		- 131	81
BALANCE AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023 / 31 DECEMBER 2022		577	708



19) Contract assets

Contract assets, arising from the application of IFRS 15, refer to the following operational segments:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Belgium	1,615	5,493
Luxembourg		1,867
France	20,865	25,755
Germany		9,033
TOTAL CONTRACT ASSETS	22,480	42,148
FUD (IAAA)	0.4.14.0.10.000	0.4.14.0.10.000
EUR (*000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
BALANCE AT 1 JANUARY	42,148	117,953
Additions	13,914	4,952
Discounts	-33,582	-80,757
MOVEMENTS OF THE PERIOD	10.000	
MOVEMENTS OF THE PERIOD	-19,668	-75,805

Contract assets include the amounts to which the entity is entitled in exchange for goods or services that it already has provided for a customer, but for which payment is not yet due or is subject to fulfilment of a specific condition provided for in the contract. When an amount becomes due, it is transferred to the receivables account. A trade receivable is recognised as soon as the entity has an unconditional right to collect a payment. This unconditional right exists from the moment in time when the payment becomes due.

Trade receivables, other receivables and contract assets are similarly subject to an impairment test in accordance with the provisions of IFRS 9 on expected credit losses. This test does not show any significant potential impact since these contract assets (and their related receivables) are generally covered by the underlying assets represented by the building to be transferred.

As at 31 December 2023, the change in contract assets is mainly due to the decrease in operational activity in France and Germany.

20) Prepayments and other receivables

The components of this item are:

EUR	('000) 31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Other receivables	44,623	51,304
of which: advances and guarantees paid		
taxes (other than income taxes) and VAT receivable	29,418	33,567
prepayments and dividends receivable	15,205	17,737
Deferred charges and accrued income on projects in development	4,419	4,913
deferred charges	2,513	4,550
accrued income	1,906	363
TOTAL OTHER CURRENT ASSETS	49,042	56,217

Those receivables are mainly related to VAT receivables on the project Polvermillen in Luxembourg and Immo Savigny in France and to accrued income in Immobel S.A. and Compagnie Immobilière de Luxembourg.

21) Information related to the net financial debt

The Group's net financial debt is the balance between the cash and cash equivalents and the financial debts (current and non-current). It amounts to EUR -832 047 thousand as at 31 December 2023 compared to EUR -626 574 thousand as at 31 December 2022.

EUR ('000	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Cash and cash equivalents	132,080	275,926
Non current financial debts	787,946	722,777
Current financial debts	176,181	179,723
NET FINANCIAL DEBT	-832,047	-626,574



The Group's debt ratio¹ is 62,4% as at 31 December 2023, compared to 52,9% as at 31 December 2022. The capital management policy is to remain under a ratio of 65% in internal view.

The increase in non-current financial debts is mainly driven by the acquisition of a new project in Luxembourg and the financing of the construction of a residential project in Poland.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash deposits and cash at bank and in hand amount to EUR 132 080 thousand compared to EUR 275 926 thousand at the end of 2022, representing an decrease of EUR 143 846 thousand. The breakdown of cash and cash equivalents is as follows:

EUI	R ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Term deposits with an initial duration of maximum 3 months		81,392	137,804
Cash at bank and in hand		50,688	138,122
AVAILABLE CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		132,080	275,926

The explanation of the change in available cash is given in the consolidated cash flow statement. Cash and cash equivalents are fully available, either for distribution to the shareholders or to finance projects owned by the different companies. EUR 48 million of available cash is dedicated to specific projects to finish ongoing construction.

All bank accounts are held by investment grade banks (minimum Baa1/A- rating).

FINANCIAL DEBTS

Financial debts increase with EUR 57 298 thousand, from EUR 902 500 thousand at 31 December 2022 to EUR 964 128 thousand at 31 December 2023. The components of financial debts are as follows:

	EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Bond issues:			
Bond issue maturity 17-10-2025 at 3.50% - nominal amount 50 MEUR		50,000	50,000
Bond issue maturity 14-04-2027 at 3.00% - nominal amount 75 MEUR		75,000	75,000
Bond issue maturity 12-05-2028 at 3.00% - nominal amount 125 MEUR		125,000	125,000
Bond issue maturity 29-06-2026 at 4,75% - nominal amount 125 MEUR		125,000	125,000
Lease contracts		9,205	8,536
Credit institutions		403,741	339,241
NON CURRENT FINANCIAL DEBTS		787,946	722,777
Bond issues:			
Bond issue maturity 17-10-2023 at 3.00% - nominal amount 50 MEUR			50,000
Credit institutions		166,165	119,843
Lease contracts		1,626	2,316
Bonds - not yet due interest		8,391	7,564
CURRENT FINANCIAL DEBTS		176,182	179,723
TOTAL FINANCIAL DEBTS		964,128	902,500
Financial debts at fixed rates		375,000	425,000
Financial debts at variable rates		580,737	469,936
Not yet due interest		8,391	7,564
Amount of debts guaranteed by securities		476,199	409,558
Book value of Group's assets pledged for debt securities		1,041,645	893,009

Financial debts evolve as follows:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
FINANCIAL DEBTS AS AT 1 JANUARY	902,500	866,690
Liabilities related to lease contracts	-853	-8,536
Contracted debts	182,383	397,909
Repaid debts	-131,370	-353,659
Movements bonds not yet due interest	827	-7,468
Not yet due interest on other loans	10,641	7,564
CHANGES FOR THE PERIOD	61,628	35,810
FINANCIAL DEBTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023 / 31 DECEMBER 2022	964,128	902,500

¹ Debt ratio is calculated by dividing net financial debt by the sum of net financial debt and equity group share

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All financial debts are denominated in EUR.

Except for the bonds, financing for the Group and financing for the Group's projects are provided based on a short-term rate, the 1 to 12-month Euribor, plus a commercial margin.

As at the end of December 2023, IMMOBEL is entitled to use EUR 545 million of confirmed project finance lines of which EUR 404 million were used. These credit lines (Project Financing Credits) are specific for the development of certain projects. Furthermore, Immobel has EUR 80,4 million of undrawn corporate credit lines.

To further secure its liquidity position, Immobel entered into a bridge financing line amounting to EUR 135 million, to secure potential cashflow shortfall until April 2025.

As at 31 December 2023, the book value of the Group's assets pledged to secure corporate credit and the project financing credits amounted to EUR 1 041 million.

The table below summarises the maturity of the financial liabilities of the Group:

As at 31 December 2023

DUE IN THE PERIOD - EUR (000)	UP TO 1 YEAR	1 TO 2 YEARS	2 TO 3 YEARS	3 TO 4 YEARS	4 TO 5 YEARS	AFTER 5 YEARS	Total
Bonds		50,000	125,000	75,000	125,000		375,000
Project Financing Credits	147,665	217,406	43,585				408,656
Corporate Credit lines	5,500	142,750					148,250
Commercial paper	13,000						13,000
Lease contracts	1,626	3,227	1,680	1,079	792	2,425	10,830
Interests not yet due and amortized costs	8,391						8,391
TOTAL AMOUNT OF DEBTS	176,182	413,383	170,266	76,079	125,792	2,425	964,128

As at 31 December 2022

DUE IN THE PERIOD - EUR (000)	UP TO 1 YEAR	1 TO 2 YEARS	2 TO 3 YEARS	3 TO 4 YEARS	4 TO 5 YEARS	AFTER 5 YEARS	Total
Bonds	50,000		50,000	125,000	75,000	125,000	425,000
Project Financing Credits	95,398	101,163	196,882	15,695			409,138
Corporate Credit lines	2,000	2,500	23,000				27,500
Commercial paper	22,445						22,445
Lease contracts	3,236	1,774	1,626	1,058	778	2,382	10,853
Interests not yet due and amortized costs	7,564						7,564
TOTAL AMOUNT OF DEBTS	180,643	105,437	271,508	141,753	75,778	127,382	902,500

The table below summarises the maturity of interests on the financial liabilities of the Group:

As at 31 December 2023

DUE IN THE PERIOD - EUR (000)	UP TO 1 YEAR	1 TO 2 YEARS	2 TO 3 YEARS	3 TO 4 YEARS	4 TO 5 YEARS	AFTER 5 YEARS	Total
Bonds	13,688	13,318	8,896	4,379	1,346		41,626
Project Financing Credits	19,357	9,328	1,188				29,873
Corporate Credit lines	8,219	5,291					13,510
Commercial paper	72						72
Lease contracts	64	59	54	22	14	43	256
TOTAL AMOUNT OF DEBTS	41,400	27,996	10,138	4,400	1,360	43	85,336

As at 31 December 2022

DUE IN THE PERIOD - EUR (000)	UP TO 1 YEAR	1 TO 2 YEARS	2 TO 3 YEARS	3 TO 4 YEARS	4 TO 5 YEARS	AFTER 5 YEARS	Total
Bonds	14,879	13,688	13,318	8,896	4,379	1,346	56,506
Project Financing Credits	15,972	9,906	4,697	354			30,929
Corporate Credit lines	138	138	11				287
Commercial paper	219						219
Lease contracts	64	59	54	22	14	43	256
TOTAL AMOUNT OF DEBTS	31,272	23,791	18,080	9,272	4,393	1,389	88,197



INTEREST RATE RISK

To hedge its variable interest rate exposure, the Group uses various type of financial instruments.

Interest CAP

- In March 2019, the Company entered into agreements to cap the interest rate at 3% on part of the financial debt related to a notional amount of EUR 18 million for the period from 22 May 2019 to 22 August 2026.
- In May 2021, the Company entered into another agreement to cap the interest rate at 1.5% on part of the financial debt related to a notional amount of EUR 225 million for the period from 1 July 2023 to 1 July 2024.
- In January 2023, the Company entered into two agreements to cap the interest rate at 4% on part of the financial debt related to a notional amount of EUR 100 million for the period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 and to another of EUR 100 million for the period from 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025.

Interest rate swap

The Company uses interest-rate swap agreements to convert a portion of its interest-rate exposure from floating rates
to fixed rates to reduce the risk of an increase in the EURIBOR interest rate. The interest swaps replace the Euribor
rate with a fixed interest rate each year on the outstanding amount.

Immobel has entered into the following various interest rate swap:

0				
Interest rate swaps - EUR (000) Company	OUTSTANDING AMOUNT	FIXED INTEREST RATE	START DATE	END DATE
Immobel S.A.	25,500	5 bps	29-01-21	31-01-25
Infinito S.A.	5,000	9.4 bps	30-09-21	30-04-24
Infinito S.A.	5,000	9.4 bps	30-09-21	30-04-24
Infinito Holding S.R.L.	19,550	9.4 bps	30-09-21	30-04-24
Infinito Holding S.R.L.	19,550	9.4 bps	30-09-21	30-04-24
Arlon 75 S.A.	20,400	320 bps	27-06-23	27-12-25
CP Developments SP. Z O.O.	15,585	370.5 bps	28-02-23	10-03-25
Munroe K Luxembourg SA	56,927	240.8 bps	31-05-22	31-05-25
North Living SA	11,367	301.5 bps	29-12-23	31-12-25
North Offices SA	19,433	301.5 bps	29-12-23	31-12-25
North Student Housing SA	1,467	301.5 bps	29-12-23	31-12-25
North Retail SA	1,467	301.5 bps	29-12-23	31-12-25
North Public SA	2,933	301.5 bps	29-12-23	31-12-25
North Living SA	11,367	301.5 bps	29-12-23	31-12-25
North Offices SA	19,433	301.5 bps	29-12-23	31-12-25
North Student Housing SA	1,467	301.5 bps	29-12-23	31-12-25
North Retail SA	1,467	301.5 bps	29-12-23	31-12-25
North Public SA	2,933	301.5 bps	29-12-23	31-12-25
North Living SA	11,367	301.5 bps	29-12-23	31-12-25
North Offices SA	19,433	301.5 bps	29-12-23	31-12-25
North Student Housing SA	1,467	301.5 bps	29-12-23	31-12-25
North Retail SA	1,467	301.5 bps	29-12-23	31-12-25
North Public SA	2,933	301.5 bps	29-12-23	31-12-25
Immobel S.A.	200,000	304 bps	01-07-24	30-06-26
Immobel S.A.	100,000	243 bps	28-06-24	31-12-26
Infinito S.A.	5,000	265 bps	30-04-24	31-10-26
Infinito S.A.	5,000	249 bps	30-04-24	31-10-26
Infinito Holding S.R.L.	19,550	265 bps	30-04-24	31-10-26
Infinito Holding S.R.L.	19,550	249 bps	30-04-24	31-10-26

Both the interest CAPs and Interest rate swaps are formally designated and qualify as a cash-flow hedge and are recorded on the consolidated balance sheet under other current and non-current financial assets for a total amount of EUR 4 118 and under derivative financial instruments for a total amount of EUR 4 943 thousand.



The various interest rate swaps and interest rate caps make that the total outstanding financial debt position of Immobel is hedged for 88%. An increase of 1% interest rate would result in an annual increase of the interest charge on debt of EUR 1 207 thousand.

INFORMATION ON FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following table list the different classes of financial assets and liabilities with their carrying amounts in the balance sheet and their respective fair value and analysed by their measurement category.

The fair value of financial instruments is determined as follows:

- If their maturity is short-term (e.g.: trade receivables and payables), the fair value is assumed to be close to the carrying amount,
- For fixed rate debts, based on discounted future cash flows estimated based on market rates at closing,
- For variable rate debts, the fair value is assumed to be close to the carrying amount,
- For derivative financial instruments, the fair value is determined on the basis of discounted future cash flows estimated based on curves of forward interest rates. This value is mentioned by the counterparty financial institution.
- For quoted bonds, on the basis of the quotation at the closing (level 1).

The fair value measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities can be characterized in one of the following ways:

- Level 1: the fair values of financial assets and liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities,
- Level 2: the fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices from observable current market transactions and dealer quotes for similar instruments. This mainly relates to derivative financial instruments.
- Level 3: the fair values of the remaining financial assets and financial liabilities are derived from valuation techniques which include inputs which are not based on observable market data.

		Amounts recognized in accordance with IFRS 9						
EUR ('000)	Level of the fair value	Carrying amount 31/12/2023	Amortized cost	Fair value trough profit or loss	Fair value 31/12/2023	Cash flow hedging 31/12/2023		
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents		132,080	132,080		132,080			
Other current financial assets	Level 2	2,696			2,696			
Other non-current financial assets	Level 2	1,422			1,422			
Advances to joint ventures and associates	Level 2	119,760	119,760		119,760			
TOTAL		255,958	251,840		255,958			
LIABILITIES								
Interest-bearing debt	Level 1	375,000	375,000		375,000			
Interest-bearing debt	Level 2	589,128	589,128		589,128			
Derivative financial instruments	Level 2	4,943			4,943			
Advances from joint ventures and associates	Level 2	25,244	25,244		25,244			
TOTAL		994,315	989,372		994,315			



	Amounts recognized in accordance with IFRS 9 (represe					1)
EUR ('000)	Level of the fair value	Carrying amount 31/12/2022	Amortized cost	Fair value trough profit or loss	Fair value 31/12/2022	Cash flow hedging 31/12/2022
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents		275,926	275,926		275,926	
Other current financial assets	Level 2	3,689			3,486	203
Other non-current financial assets	Level 2					
Advances to joint ventures and associates	Level 2	114,977	114,977		114,977	
TOTAL		394,592	390,903		394,389	203
LIABILITIES						
Interest-bearing debt	Level 1	425,000	425,000		405,127	
Interest-bearing debt	Level 2	477,500	477,500		477,500	
Advances from joint ventures and associates	Level 2	29,570	29,570		29,570	
TOTAL		932,070	932,070		912,197	

The Group did not make any changes to its financial risk management policy in 2023.

LIQUIDITY RISK

Immobel uses largely centralised structures for pooling cash and cash equivalents at Group level. The central liquidity position is calculated monthly using a bottom-up method over a rolling twelve-month period. The liquidity planning is supplemented by monthly stress tests. There are limited capital commitments and no significant corporate lines nor bonds maturing in the course of 2024.

FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

The Group is subject, for bonds and credit lines mentioned hereabove, to a number of financial commitments.

These covenants are taking into account the equity, the net financial debt and its relation with the equity and the

inventories. At 31 December 2023, as for the previous years, the Group was in conformity with all these financial commitments and no effect of a covenant breach on classification has to be considered. Immobel has sufficient headroom before being in breach. Hence, it is not expected that Immobel would breach any of its financial covenants during the next two testing points in 2024

RISK OF FLUCTUATION IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The Group has limited exposure to foreign exchange rate risks on its activities. The functional currency of projects currently being developed in Poland and of the activities in the UK are converted respectively from PLN to EUR (except for the Central Point managed in EUR) and from GBP to EUR, with an impact on other comprehensive income.

Foreign exchange rate swap:

In December 2023, the Company entered into an agreement to swap the foreign exchange exposure on the PLN 40
 Million conversion to EUR on October 31st 2024 to an agreed Foreign exchange rate.



22) Equity

	2023	2022
Number of shares at 31 DECEMBER	9,997,356	9,997,356
Number of shares fully paid at 31 DECEMBER	9,997,356	9,997,356
Treasury shares at 31 DECEMBER	25,434	25,434
Nominal value per share	9.740	9.740
Number of shares at 1 January	9,997,356	9,997,356
Number of treasury shares at 1 January	-25,434	-26,965
Treasury shares granted to a member of the executive committee		
Treasury shares sold		1,531
Number of shares (excluding treasury shares) at 31 DECEMBER	9,971,922	9,971,922

RISK MANAGEMENT RELATED TO THE CAPITAL

The capital structure of the Group consists of current and non-current liabilities less the cash and cash equivalents reported in the balance sheet and in equity. Immobel manages its capital with the aim of ensuring that all Group companies continue to operate on a going concern basis while keeping the cost of capital as low as possible. The capital structure is reviewed on a regular basis taking into account the underlying financial and operational risks of the company.

23) Pensions and similar obligations

The pensions and similar obligations cover the obligations of the Group as far as the Group insurance is concerned. The amount recognised in the balance sheet represents the present value of obligations in terms of defined benefit pension plans less the fair value of plan assets.

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION		
Provisions		
Present value of the defined benefit obligations	1,253	1,662
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the period	-1,109	-1,095
NET LIABILITY ARISING FROM DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATION	144	567
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
Current service cost	-86	-159
Past service cost or settlement	173	
Interest cost on the defined benefit obligation	-55	-16
Interest income on plan assets	41	11
Administration costs	-3	-3
DEFINED BENEFIT COSTS RECOGNIZED IN PROFIT OR LOSS	70	-167
Acturial (gains) / losses on defined benefit obligation arising from		
- changes in financial assumptions	-68	582
- return on plan assets (excluding interest income)	-10	-351
- experience adjustments	349	-120
REMEASUREMENTS OF NET DEFINED BENEFIT LIABILITY RECOGNISED IN OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	271	111
DEFINED BENEFIT COSTS	341	-57
EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
PRESENT VALUE OF THE OBLIGATIONS AS AT 1 JANUARY	1,662	1,996
Current service cost	86	159
Interest cost	55	16
Contributions from plan participants	4	4
Actuarial (gains) losses	-281	- 461
Benefits paid	-100	- 52
	-173	
Past service cost, settlement or business combination		1,662
Past service cost, settlement or business combination PRESENT VALUE OF THE OBLIGATIONS AS AT 31 DECEMBER	1.253	1,002
PRESENT VALUE OF THE OBLIGATIONS AS AT 31 DECEMBER	1.253 31/12/2023	31/12/2022



Interest income	41	11
Contributions from employer	82	88
Contributions from plan participants	4	4
Benefits paid	-100	- 52
Return on plan assets (excluding interest income)	-10	- 351
Administrative costs	-3	- 3
Settlement or business combination		
FAIR VALUE OF THE PLAN ASSETS AS AT 31 DECEMBER	1,095	1,095
CONTRIBUTION OF THE EMPLOYER EXPECTED FOR 2023 / 2022	88	67
ACTURIAL ASSUMPTIONS USED TO DETERMINE OBLIGATIONS		
Discount rate	3.23%	3.75%
Future salary increases	3.60%	3.56%
Inflation rate	2.10%	2.20%
Mortality table	MR-5/FR-5	MR-3/FR-3 (BE) INSEE H/F 14-16 (FR)
SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS OF THE DBO 31/12/2021		
Discount rate	2.73%	3.25%
Amount of the DBO	1,308	1,766

The Belgian defined benefit pension plan and defined contribution pension plans with guaranteed return are funded through Group insurance contracts. The plans are funded through employer and employee contributions. The underlying assets of the insurance contracts are primarily invested in bonds. The defined benefit plan is closed for new employees. The plan participants are entitled to a lump sum on retirement. Active members also receive a benefit on death-in-service.

The French retirement indemnity plan offers a lump sum on retirement as defined by the collective labour agreement of the real estate industry. The plan is unfunded and open to new employees.

24) Provisions

The components of provisions are as follows:

		EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Provisions related to the sales			1,489	1,823
Other provisions			2,313	2,006
TOTAL PROVISIONS			3,802	3,829
EUR ('000)	Related to sales	Other	Total	
PROVISIONS AS AT 1 JANUARY	1,823	2,006	3,829	
Scope changes				
Increase	292	1,331	1,623	
Use/Reversal	-626	-1,024	-1,650	
CHANGES FOR THE PERIOD	-334	307	-27	
PROVISIONS AS AT 31 DECEMBRE	1,489	2,313	3,802	

Allocation by operational segment is as follows:

	EUR ('000) 31	1/12/2023	31/12/2022
Belgium		105	105
Luxembourg			500
France		3,697	3,224
TOTAL PROVISIONS		3,802	3,829

The provisions are made up based on the risks related to the litigations, in particular when the recognition conditions of those liabilities are met.



These provisions made correspond to the best estimate of outgoing resources considered as likely by the Board of Directors. The Group has no indication on the final amount of disbursement or the timing of the disbursement, it depends on court decisions.

Risks related to sales and litigation in progress are the subject of provisions when the conditions for recognition of these liabilities are met. The provisions related to sales are generally related to guarantees of rents, good execution of work,...

No provision has been recorded for the other litigations that mainly concern:

- problems of decennial guarantee for which the Group has recourse on the contractor who is generally covered by an insurance of "decennial liability coverage" for this purpose,
- pure administrative recourses concerning planning and environmental permits introduced by third parties at the Council of State without any financial consequence for the Group.

25) Trade payables

This account is allocated by operational segment as follows:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Belgium	27,971	41,955
Luxembourg	7,407	3,889
France	24,833	27,534
Germany	16,164	16,044
Poland	255	2,202
Spain	4,088	4,175
United Kingdom		2,585
TOTAL TRADE PAYABLES	80,718	98,384

The trade payables are mainly related to the projects O'sea and St Roch in Belgium, Saint Antoine and Paris Lannelongue in France and Eden in Germany.

26) Contract liabilities

The contract liabilities, arising from the application of IFRS 15, relate to following operational segment:

EUR (('000) 31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Belgium	12,130	10,254
Luxembourg	8,607	7,778
France	2,670	4,987
Germany		
Poland	58,142	28,466
Spain		
TOTAL CONTRACT LIABILITIES	81,549	51,485

The increase in contract liabilities is mainly due to Liewen in Luxembourg.

Contract liabilities include amounts received by the entity as compensation for goods or services that have not yet been provided for the customer. Contract liabilities are settled by "future" recognition of the revenue when the IFRS 15 criteria for revenue recognition have been met.

All amounts reflected in contract liabilities relate to residential activities for which revenue is recognised over time, except for the Granaria project in Poland where revenue will be recognized upon delivery, thus creating discrepancies between payments and the realisation of benefits.



27) Social debts, VAT, accrued charges and other amount payable

The components of this account are:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Payroll related liabilities	1,167	3,015
Taxes (other than income taxes) and VAT payable	11,319	17,005
Advances on sales		
Accrued charges	14,467	13,026
Dividends payable		163
Other	4,115	2,732
Other liability with business partners	10,189	18,419
TOTAL OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES	41,257	54,360

Other current liabilities mainly consist of taxes (other than income taxes) as well as accrued charges and deferred income in Belgium and France.

28) Main contingent assets and liabilities

EUR ('00	0) 31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Guarantees from third parties on behalf of the Group with respect to:		
- inventories	487,512	480,376
- other assets		
TOTAL GUARANTEES FROM THIRD PARTIES ON BEHALF OF THE GROUP	487,512	480,376
These guarantees consist of:		
- guarantees "Real estate trader" (acquisitions with registration fee at reduced rate)	86,898	26,493
- guarantees "Law Breyne" (guarantees given in connection with the sale of houses or apartments under construction)	1,750	300
- guarantees "Good end of execution" (guarantees given in connection with the execution of works) and "other" (successful completion of payment, rental,)	398,864	453 583
TOTAL GUARANTEES FROM THIRD PARTIES ON BEHALF OF THE GROUP	487,512	480,376
Mortgage power - Amount of inscription	147,887	83,899
MORTGAGE POWER - AMOUNT OF INSCRIPTION	147,887	83,899
Book value of Group's assets pledged for debt securities related to investment property and inventory as a whole	1,041,645	893 009
BOOK VALUE OF PLEDGED GROUP'S ASSETS	1,041,645	893,009
Amount of debts guaranteed by above securities		
- Non current debts	260,991	299,465
- Current debts	160,665	110,093
TOTAL AMOUNT OF DEBTS GUARANTEED	421,656	409,558

29) Change in working capital

The change in working capital by nature is established as follows:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Inventories and Investment properties	-131,322	-183,641
Amounts receivable within one year	13,077	96,330
Deferred charges and accrued income	7,276	-19,977
Trade debts	12,429	44,353
Amounts payable regarding taxes and social security	-7,534	3,591
Accrued charges and deferred income	-4,846	-9,254
Other payable with business partners	-4,329	-4,585
CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL	-115,249	-73,183

Changes in drivers for working capital are addressed in the respective notes earlier in this report.



30) Commitments

At 31 December 2023, Immobel acknowledges a capital commitment for an amount of EUR 58 690 thousand for projects in Belgium, Luxembourg and France.

31) Information on related parties

RELATIONSHIPS WITH SHAREHOLDERS - MAIN SHAREHOLDERS

	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
A3 Capital NV & A3 Management BVBA	58.99%	58.99%
IMMOBEL (Treasury shares)	0.25%	0.25%
Number of representative capital shares	9,997,356	9,997,356

RELATIONSHIPS WITH SENIOR (NON) EXECUTIVES

These are the remuneration of members of the (non) Executive Committee and of the Board of Directors.

At 31 DECEMBER 2023	EUR ('000)	Executive Chairman/ CEO	Executive Committee	Non Executive Committee
Basic remuneration		1,000	2,753	287
Variable remuneration STI		102	473	None
Variable remuneration LTI		None	1,203	None
Individual pension commitment		None	None	None
Other		None	None	None

At 31 DECEMBER 2022	EUR ('000)	Executive Chairman/ CEO	Executive Committee	Non Executive Committee
Basic remuneration		1,200	2,529	256
Variable remuneration STI		120	1,297	None
Variable remuneration LTI		None	1,500	None
Individual pension commitment		None	None	None
Other		None	None	None

RELATIONSHIPS WITH JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATES

The relationships with joint ventures and associates consist mainly of loans or advances, whose amounts are recorded in the balance sheet in the following accounts:

EUR ('000)	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
Investments in joint ventures and associates - shareholder's loans	115,528	111,527
Advances to joint ventures and associates	10,551	3,450
Advances from joint ventures and associates	-25,244	-29,570
Operating income	4,766	4,474
Operating expense	-173	-504
interest income	5,177	3,679
interest expense	-1,602	-1,008

Those relationships are conducted in accordance with formal terms and conditions agreed with the Group and its partner. The interest rate applicable to these loans and advances is EURIBOR + margin, defined based on internal transfer pricing principles.

See note 15 for further information on joint ventures and associates.

32) Events subsequent to reporting date

There were no events after the balance sheet date that had a significant impact on the Company's accounts.



33) Companies owned by the Immobel Group

Companies forming part of the Group as at 31 December 2023:

SUBSIDIARIES – FULLY CONSOLIDATED

NAME	COMPANY NUMBER	HEAD OFFICE	GROUP INTEREST (%) (Economic interest)
AIC IMMO OSNY	915079438	Paris	6
ARQUEBUSIERS DEVELOPPEMENT S.À R.L.	9999999	Luxembourg	10
BEYAERT NV	837 807 014	Brussels	10
BOITEUX RESIDENTIAL NV	837 797 314	Brussels	10
BRUSSELS EAST REAL ESTATE SA	478 120 522	Brussels	10
BRUSSELS HOLDING BV	0783276582	Brussels	10
BULL'S EYE PROPERTY LUX SA	B 138 135	Luxemburg	10
CANAL DEVELOPEMENT SARL	B 250 642	Luxemburg	10
CHAMBON NV	837 807 509	Brussels	10
COLONEL STONE	0749467827	Brussels	10
COMPAGNIE IMMOBILIÈRE DE WALLONIE (CIW) SA	401 541 990	Brussels	10
COMPAGNIE IMMOBILIÈRE LUXEMBOURGEOISE SA	B 29 696	Luxemburg	10
COSIMO S.A.	426 370 527	Brussels	10
EDEN TOWER FRANKFURT GMBH	B235375	Frankfurt	10
EMPEREUR FROISSART NV	871 449 879	Brussels	10
ENTREPRISE ET GESTION IMMOBILIÈRES (EGIMO) SA	403 360 741	Brussels	10
ESPACE NIVELLES SA	472 279 241	Brussels	10
FLINT CONSTRUCT NV	506 899 135	Brussels	6
FLINT LAND NV	506 823 614	Brussels	6
FONCIÈRE JENNIFER SA	464 582 884	Brussels	10
FONCIÈRE MONTOYER SA	826 862 642	Brussels	10
frounerbond developpement s.à r.l.	B251782	Luxembourg	10
GASPERICH DEVELOPPEMENT SARL	B263526	Luxembourg	10
GRANARIA DEVELOPMENT GDANSK BIS SP. Z.O.O.	0000 48 02 78	Warsaw	9
GRANARIA DEVELOPMENT GDANSK SP. Z.O.O.	0000 51 06 69	Warsaw	9
HERMES BROWN II NV	890 572 539	Brussels	10
HOLLERICH DEVELOPPEMENT S.ÀR.L.L	B269856	Luxemburg	10
HOTEL GRANARIA DEVELOPMENT SP. Z.O.O.	0000 51 06 64	Warsaw	9
ILOT SAINT ROCH SA	675 860 861	Brussels	10
IMMO DEVAUX II NV	694 897 013	Brussels	10
IMMOBEL BIDCO LTD	140 582	Jersey	10
IMMOBEL CAPITAL PARTNERS LTD	13 833 428	London	10
IMMOBEL FRANCE GESTION SARL	809 724 974	Paris	10
IMMOBEL FRANCE SAS	800 676 850	Paris	10
IMMOBEL FRANCE TERTIAIRE SAS	833 654 221	Paris	10
IMMOBEL GERMANY 1 GMBH	HRB 110201	Köln	10
IMMOBEL GERMANY 2 GMBH	HRB 110165	Köln	10
IMMOBEL GERMANY GMBH	5050 817 557	Köln	10
IMMOBEL GERMANY SARL	B231 412	Luxemburg	10



IMMOBEL GP SARL	B 247 503	Luxemburg	100
IMMOBEL GUTENBERG BERLIN 1 GMBH	HRB 106676	Koln	100
IMMOBEL GUTENBERG BERLIN 2 GMBH	HRB 106697	Koln	100
IMMOBEL GUTENBERG BERLIN 3 GMBH	HRB 106882	Koln	100
IMMOBEL GUTENBERG BERLIN 4 GMBH	HRB 106679	Koln	100
IMMOBEL GUTENBERG BERLIN INVESTMENT GMBH	HRB 90319	Koln	100
IMMOBEL HOLDCO SPAIN S.L.	B 881 229 62	Madrid	100
IMMOBEL HOLDING LUXEMBOURG SARL	B 138 090	Luxemburg	100
IMMOBEL LUX SA	B 130 313	Luxemburg	100
IMMOBEL PM SPAIN S.L.	B 882 567 06	Madrid	100
IMMOBEL POLAND SP. Z.O.O.	0000 37 22 17	Warsaw	100
IMMOBEL PROJECT MANAGEMENT SA	475 729 174	Brussels	100
IMMOBEL R.E.M. FUND SARL	B 228 335	Luxemburg	100
IMMOBEL REAL ESTATE FUND SC	B 228 393	Luxemburg	100
IMMOBEL URBAN LIVING	695 672 419	Brussels	100
IMMO-PUYHOEK SA	847 201 958	Brussels	100
INFINITO HOLDING S.R.L.	765 474 411	Brussels	76,05
INFINITO S.A.	403 062 219	Brussels	76,05
INFINITY LIVING SA	B 211 415	Luxemburg	100
LAKE FRONT SA	562 818 447	Brussels	100
LEBEAU DEVELOPMENT	711 809 556	Brussels	100
LEBEAU SABLON SA	551 947 123	Brussels	100
LES JARDINS DU NORD SA	444 857 737	Brussels	96,2
LOTINVEST DEVELOPMENT SA	417 100 196	Brussels	100
MILAWEY INVESTMENTS SP. ZO.O.	0000 63 51 51	Warsaw	100
MÖBIUS CONSTRUCT SA	681 630 183	Brussels	100
MONTAGNE RESIDENTIAL SA	837 806 420	Brussels	100
NENNIG DEVELOPPEMENT SARL	B 250.824	Luxemburg	100
NORTH LIVING BV	786 740 670	Brussels	100
NORTH OFFICES BV	786 726 616	Brussels	100
NORTH PUBLIC BV	786 727 705	Brussels	100
NORTH RETAIL BV	786 740 472	Brussels	100
NORTH STUDENT HOUSING BV	786 726 814	Brussels	100
NP SHOWROOM SNC	837 908 086	Paris	100
OFFICE FUND CARRY SRL	759 610 562	Brussels	100
OFFICE FUND GP SRL	759 610 463	Brussels	100
POLVERMILLEN SARL	B 207 813	Luxemburg	100
PRINCE ROYAL CONSTRUCT SA	633 872 927	Brussels	100
QUOMAGO SA	425 480 206	Brussels	100
SAS PARIS LANNELONGUE	851 891 721	Paris	100
SAS RUEIL COLMAR	852 152 412	Paris	100
SAS SAINT ANTOINE COUR BERARD	851 891 721	Paris	100
SCCV BUTTES CHAUMONT	882 258 510	Paris	100
SCCV IMMO AVON 1	911 119 386	Paris	100



SCCV IMMO BOUGIVAL 1	883460420	Paris	100
SCCV IMMO MONTEVRAIN 1	884552308	Paris	100
SCCV IMMO TREMBLAY 1	883461238	Paris	100
SCCV NP ASNIERES SUR SEINE 1	813 388 188	Paris	100
SCCV NP AUBER RE	813 595 956	Paris	100
SCCV NP AUBER VICTOR HUGO	833 883 762	Paris	100
SCCV NP AUBERGENVILLE 1	837 935 857	Paris	100
SCCV NP AULNAY SOUS BOIS 1	811 446 699	Paris	100
SCCV NP BESSANCOURT 1	808 351 969	Paris	100
SCCV NP BESSANCOURT 2	843 586 397	Paris	100
SCCV NP BEZONS 1	820 345 718	Paris	100
SCCV NP BEZONS 2	829 707 348	Paris	100
SCCV NP BOIS D'ARCY 1	829 739 515	Paris	100
SCCV NP BONDOUFLE 1	815 057 435	Paris	100
SCCV NP BUSSY SAINT GEORGES 1	812 264 448	Paris	100
SCCV NP CHATENAY-MALABRY 1	837 914 126	Paris	100
SCCV NP CHELLES 1	824 117 196	Paris	100
SCCV NP CHILLY-MAZARIN 1	838 112 332	Paris	100
SCCV NP CROISSY SUR SEINE 1	817 842 487	Paris	100
SCCV NP CROISSY SUR SEINE 2	822 760 732	Paris	100
SCCV NP CROISSY SUR SEINE 3	822 760 625	Paris	100
SCCV NP CROISSY SUR SEINE 4	832 311 047	Paris	100
SCCV NP DOURDAN 1	820 366 227	Paris	100
SCCV NP DRANCY 1	829 982 180	Paris	100
SCCV NP EAUBONNE 1	850 406 562	Paris	100
SCCV NP EPINAY SUR ORGE 1	838 577 419	Paris	100
SCCV NP FONTENAY AUX ROSES 1	838 330 397	Paris	100
SCCV NP FRANCONVILLE 1	828 852 038	Paris	90
SCCV NP GARGENVILLE 1	837 914 456	Paris	100
SCCV NP ISSY LES MOULINEAUX 1	820 102 770	Paris	85
SCCV NP LA GARENNE-COLOMBES 1	842 234 064	Paris	100
SCCV NP LE PLESSIS TREVISE 1	829 675 545	Paris	100
SCCV NP LE VESINET 1	848 225 884	Paris	51
SCCV NP LIVRY-GARGAN 1	844 512 632	Paris	100
SCCV NP LONGPONT-SUR-ORGE 1	820 373 462	Paris	100
SCCV NP LOUVECIENNES 1	827 572 173	Paris	100
SCCV NP MEUDON 1	829 707 421	Paris	100
SCCV NP MOISSY-CRAMAYEL 1	838 348 738	Paris	100
SCCV NP MONTESSON 1	851 834 119	Paris	51
SCCV NP MONTLHERY 1	823 496 559	Paris	100
SCCV NP MONTLHERY 2	837 935 881	Paris	100
SCCV NP MONTMAGNY 1	838 080 091	Paris	100
SCCV NP NEUILLY SUR MARNE 1	819 611 013	Paris	100



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SCCV NP PARIS 1	829 707 157	Paris	100
SCCV NP PARIS 2	842 239 816	Paris	100
SCCV NP RAMBOUILLET 1	833 416 365	Paris	100
SCCV NP ROMAINVILLE 1	829 706 589	Paris	100
SCCV NP SAINT ARNOULT EN YVELINES 1	828 405 837	Paris	100
SCCV NP SAINT GERMAIN EN LAYE 1	829 739 739	Paris	100
SCCV NP SAINT GERMAIN EN LAYE 2	844 464 768	Paris	100
SCCV NP VAIRES SUR MARNE 1	813 440 864	Paris	100
SCCV NP VAUJOURS 1	829 678 960	Paris	100
SCCV NP VILLE D'AVRAY 1	829 743 087	Paris	100
SCCV NP VILLEJUIF 1	829 674 134	Paris	100
SCCV NP VILLEMOMBLE 1	847 809 068	Paris	100
SCCV NP VILLEPINTE 1	810 518 530	Paris	100
SCCV NP VILLIERS SUR MARNE 1	820 147 072	Paris	100
SCCV SCI COMBS LES NOTES FLORALES	820 955 888	Paris	60
SCI LE COEUR DES REMPARTS DE SAINT-ARNOULT-EN-YVELINES	831 266 820	Paris	100
SNC HEMACLE	904 024 999	Paris	100
SNC IMMO ILM 2	913 859 013	Paris	100
SNC IMMO MDB	882328339	Paris	100
SQUARE DES HÉROS S.A.	843 656 906	Brussels	100
SSCV IMMO OTHIS 1	899269773	Paris	100
SSCV IMMO SAVIGNY SUR ORGE 1	809 724 974	Paris	100
T ZOUT CONSTRUCT SA	656 754 831	Brussels	100
THOMAS SA	B 33 819	Luxemburg	100
VAARTKOM SA	656 758 393	Brussels	100
VAL D'OR CONSTRUCT SA	656 752 257	Brussels	100
VELDIMMO SA	430 622 986	Brussels	100
VESALIUS CONSTRUCT NV	543 851 185	Brussels	100
ZIELNA DEVELOPMENT SP. Z.O.O.	0000 52 76 58	Warsaw	100

JOINT VENTURES - ACCOUNTED FOR UNDER THE EQUITY METHOD

NAME	COMPANY NUMBER	HEAD OFFICE	GROUP INTEREST (%) (Economic interest)
BELLA VITA SA	890 019 738	Brussels	50
BORALINA INVESTMENTS SL	B 884 669 33	Madrid	50
BROUCKERE TOWER INVEST NV	874 491 622	Brussels	50
CBD INTERNATIONAL SP. Z.O.O.	0000 22 82 37	Warsaw	50
CHÂTEAU DE BEGGEN SA	B 133 856	Luxemburg	50
CITYZEN HOLDING SA	721 884 985	Brussels	50
CITYZEN HOTEL SA	721 520 444	Brussels	50
CITYZEN OFFICE SA	721 520 840	Brussels	50
CITYZEN RESIDENCE SA	721 520 642	Brussels	50



CP DEVELOPMENT SP. Z O.O.	0000 63 51 51	Warsaw	50
CSM DEVELOPMENT NV	692 645 524	Brussels	50
DEBROUCKERE DEVELOPMENT SA	700 731 661	Brussels	50
DEBROUCKERE LAND NV	662 473 277	Brussels	50
DEBROUCKERE LEISURE NV	750 734 567	Brussels	50
DEBROUCKERE OFFICE NV	750 735 557	Brussels	50
GOODWAYS SA	405 773 467	Brussels	50
ILOT ECLUSE SA	441 544 592	Gilly	50
IMMO PA 33 1 SA	845 710 336	Brussels	50
IMMO PA 44 1 SA	845 708 257	Brussels	50
IMMO PA 44 2 SA	845 709 049	Brussels	50
KEY WEST DEVELOPMENT SA	738 738 439	Brussels	50
KIEM 2050 S.À.R.L.	B277786	Luxemburg	70
LES 2 PRINCES DEVELOPMENT SA	849 400 294	Brussels	50
M1 SA	B 197 932	Strassen	33,33
M7 SA	B 197 934	Strassen	33,33
MUNROE K LUXEMBOURG SA	B117323	Luxembourg	50
ODD CONSTRUCT SA	682 966 706	Knokke-Heist	50
OXY LIVING SA	786 923 287	Brussels	50
PLATEAU D'ERPENT	696 967 368	Namur	50
RAC 3 SA	819 588 830	Antwerp	40
RAC 4 DEVELOPMENT SA	673 640 551	Brussels	40
RAC 4 SA	819 593 481	Brussels	40
RAC 6 SA	738 392 110	Brussels	40
SAS BONDY CANAL	904 820 461	Paris	40
SAS TRELAMET	652 013 772	Paris	40
SCCV HOUILLES JJ ROUSSEAU	913 859 013	Paris	50
SCCV NP AUBERVILLIERS 1	824 416 002	Paris	50,1
SCCV NP CHARENTON LE PONT 1	833 414 675	Paris	50,98
SCCV PA VILLA COLOMBA	838 112 449	Paris	51
SCHOETTERMARIAL SARL	B 245 380	Luxemburg	50
SURF CLUB HOSPITALITY GROUP SL	B 935 517 86	Madrid	50
SURF CLUB MARBELLA BEACH SL	B 875 448 21	Madrid	50
UNIPARK SA	686 566 889	Brussels	50
UNIVERSALIS PARK 2 SA	665 921 529	Brussels	50
UNIVERSALIS PARK 3 SA	665 921 133	Brussels	50
UNIVERSALIS PARK 3AB SA	665 922 420	Brussels	50
UNIVERSALIS PARK 3C SA	665 921 430	Brussels	50
URBAN LIVING BELGIUM HOLDING NV	831 672 258	Antwerp	60
URBAN LIVING BELGIUM NV	831 672 258	Antwerp	30



ASSOCIATES – ACCOUNTED FOR UNDER THE EQUITY METHOD

NAME	COMPANY NUMBER	HEAD OFFICE	GROUP INTEREST (%) (Economic interest)
ARLON 75 BV	780 650 258	Brussels	20,13
BEIESTACK S.A.	B 183 641	Luxemburg	20,13
BELUX OFFICE DEVELOPMENT FEEDER CV	759 908 985	Brussels	26,93
DHR CLOS DU CHÂTEAU SA	895 524 784	Brussels	33,33
IMMOBEL BELUX OFFICE DEVELOPMENT FUND SCSP	B249896	Luxembourg	20
SCCV 73 RICHELIEU	894 876 655	Paris	10
SCCV MONTLHERY ROUTE D'ORLEANS	904 647 823	Paris	20
SSCV 277 SH	901 400 531	Paris	10

There are no significant restrictions that limit the Group's ability to access assets and settle the liabilities of subsidiaries.

In case of financial debts towards credit institutions, the shareholder's loans reimbursements (reimbursement of cash to the mother company) are subordinated to the reimbursements towards credit institutions.

G. Statement from the responsible persons

The undersigned persons state that, to the best of their knowledge:

- the Consolidated Financial Statements of Immobel SA and its subsidiaries as of 31st December 2023 have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), and give a true and fair view of the assets and liabilities, financial position and results of the whole of the companies of the Immobel Group as well as the subsidiaries included in the consolidation;
- the Director's Report on the financial year ended at 31 December 2023 gives a fair overview of the development, the results and of the position of the Immobel Group as well as the subsidiaries included in the consolidation, as well as a description of the principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Immobel Group.

On behalf of the Board of Directors:

Marnix Galle²
Chairman of the Board of Directors

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² Vaste vertegenwoordiger van de vennootschap A³ Management bvba



Statutory auditor's report to the general meeting of Immobel NV on the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023

FREE TRANSLATION OF UNQUALIFIED STATUTORY AUDITOR'S REPORT ORIGINALLY PREPARED IN DUTCH AND FRENCH

In the context of the statutory audit of the consolidated financial statements of Immobel NV ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (jointly "the Group"), we provide you with our statutory auditor's report. This includes our report on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, as well as other legal and regulatory requirements. Our report is one and indivisible.

We were appointed as statutory auditor by the general meeting of April 15, 2021, in accordance with the proposal of the supervisory board issued on the recommendation of the audit committee. Our mandate will expire on the date of the general meeting deliberating on the annual accounts for the year ended December 31, 2023. We have performed the statutory audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for three consecutive financial years.

Report on the consolidated financial statements

Unqualified opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the Group as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and as adopted by the European Union, and with the legal and regulatory requirements applicable in Belgium. These consolidated financial statements comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023, the consolidated statements of profit and loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended and notes, comprising material accounting policies and other explanatory information. The total of the consolidated statement of financial position amounts to 1.728.289 KEUR and the consolidated statement of profit and loss shows a loss for the year of 37.587 KEUR.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's equity and financial position as at December 31, 2023 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and as adopted by the European Union, and with the legal and regulatory requirements applicable in Belgium.

Basis for our unqualified opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs") as adopted in Belgium. In addition, we have applied the ISAs as issued by the IAASB and applicable for the current accounting year while these have not been adopted in Belgium yet.



Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Statutory auditors' responsibility for the audit of the consolidated financial statements" section of our report. We have complied with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Belgium, including the independence requirements.

We have obtained from the board of directors and the Company's officials the explanations and information necessary for performing our audit.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Project development revenue (including revenue recognised by joint ventures and associates accounted for under the equity method)

We refer to accounting policies E.5.11) 'Operating income' and E.5.14) 'Main judgements and main sources of uncertainties related to estimations' and notes F.1) 'Operating segment – financial information by geographical segment' and F.2) 'Revenue' of the consolidated financial statements.

Description

As disclosed in note F.1), revenue ('project development revenue') amounts to 189.820 KEUR in 2023, of which 37.205 KEUR attributable to joint ventures and associates accounted for under the equity method (revenue which is not included in the consolidated statement of profit and loss).

The Group contracts in a variety of ways. Each project has a different risk and revenue profile based on its individual contractual and delivery characteristics. We determined the recognition and measurement of revenue from the sale of project developments, for which revenue is recognized over time, as a key audit matter due to its size to the consolidated statement of profit or loss, complexity of contract terms, judgement involved to recognize revenue in accordance with the relevant accounting standards and the high degree of management judgement involved in determining the percentage of completion of the projects.

Our audit procedures

For a selection of projects we performed the following audit procedures:

- We obtained an understanding of the project management and related revenue recognition process and tested the design and implementation of relevant controls.
- We assessed the Group's determination of transfer of control by analyzing the contractual terms of sale against the criteria in the relevant accounting standards.



- We discussed the most recent project feasibility analyses including stage of completion with the relevant project manager and/or project controller. We assessed the reasonableness of the key estimates and judgements made by management and challenged them based on comparison with the prior period feasibility study for those projects and comparable transactions.
- We assessed the reliability of key inputs to the project feasibility analyses and on a sample basis we assessed the accuracy of these inputs by comparing them to the underlying supporting documents.
- We recalculated the margin recognized over the period considering the actual recognized cost incurred and the project's expected profit margin.
- We considered the adequacy of the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements relating to revenue.

Recoverability of project development inventories (including inventories held by joint ventures and associates accounted for under the equity method)

We refer to accounting policies E. 5.8) 'Inventories' and E.5.14) 'Main judgements and main sources of uncertainties related to estimations' and notes F.1) 'Operating segment – financial information by geographical segment', F.17) 'Inventories' and F.15) 'Investments in joint ventures and associates' of the consolidated financial statements.

Description

As disclosed in note F.1), inventories ('project development inventories') amount to 1.538.276 KEUR as at 31 December 2023, of which 420.111 KEUR attributable to project development inventories held by joint ventures and associates accounted for under the equity method (which is not included in the consolidated statement of financial position). Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value at the balance sheet date. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. A write-down is necessary when the net realizable value at balance sheet date is lower than the carrying value. The determination of the net realizable value used to assess the recoverability of project development inventories involves management judgment as this assessment includes assumptions about future events which inherently are subject to the risk of change and uncertainty.

Due to the high degree of management judgement required, we determined the assessment of the net realizable value of project development inventories, and specifically those projects for which an impairment indicator exists, as a key audit matter.



Our audit procedures

For a selection of projects that we considered at higher risk of misstatement, we performed the following audit procedures:

- We obtained an understanding of the project management process and tested the design and implementation of internal controls.
- We enquired with management and the relevant project managers and/or controllers to obtain an understanding of the progress of development, the risks associated to the project (such as permitting, construction and commercialization) and the projected performance and assessed management's basis of estimates of the net realizable value.
- We inspected updated project feasibility analyses and assessed the assumptions used in forecasting the selling price and costs to complete by comparison to similar transactions;
- For those selected projects where sales have been recognized, we analysed the realized margins for impairment indicators in the respective remaining property development inventory balance.
- We assessed the reliability of key inputs to the project feasibility analyses and on a sample basis we assessed the accuracy of these inputs by comparing them to the underlying supporting documents.
- We tested the reasonableness of the capitalized interest cost and project management fees allocated to the development projects.
- We assessed whether the carrying value was the lower of the estimated net realizable value and cost.
- We considered the adequacy of the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements relating to project development inventories.

Board of directors' responsibilities for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The board of directors is responsible for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and as adopted by the European Union, and with the legal and regulatory requirements applicable in Belgium, and for such internal control as board of directors determines, is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the board of directors is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the board of directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so



Statutory auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of the users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

When performing our audit we comply with the legal, regulatory and professional requirements applicable to audits of the consolidated financial statements in Belgium. The scope of the statutory audit of the consolidated financial statements does not extend to providing assurance on the future viability of the Group nor on the efficiency or effectivity of how the board of directors has conducted or will conduct the business of the Group. Our responsibilities regarding the going concern basis of accounting applied by the board of directors are described below.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also perform the following procedures:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by board of directors;
- Conclude on the appropriateness of board of directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern;



- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation;
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the audit committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the audit committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

For the matters communicated with the audit committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter.

Other legal and regulatory requirements

Responsibilities of the Board of directors

The board of directors is responsible for the preparation and the content of the board of directors' annual report on the consolidated financial statements and the other information included in the annual report.

Statutory auditor's responsibilities

In the context of our engagement and in accordance with the Belgian standard which is complementary to the International Standards on Auditing as applicable in Belgium, our responsibility is to verify, in all material respects, the board of directors' annual report on the consolidated financial statements and the other information included in the annual report, and to report on these matters.

Aspects concerning the board of directors' annual report on the consolidated financial statements and other information included in the annual report

Based on specific work performed on the board of directors' annual report on the consolidated financial statements, we are of the opinion that this report is consistent with the consolidated financial statements for the same period and has been prepared in accordance with article 3:32 of the Companies' and Associations' Code.



In the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements, we are also responsible for considering, in particular based on the knowledge gained throughout the audit, whether the board of directors' annual report on the consolidated financial statements and other information included in the annual report:

Message of the executive chair

contain material misstatements, or information that is incorrectly stated or misleading. In the context of the procedures carried out, we did not identify any material misstatements that we have to report to you.

Information about the independence

- Our audit firm and our network have not performed any engagement which is incompatible with the statutory audit of the consolidated accounts and our audit firm remained independent of the Group during the term of our mandate.
- The fees for the additional engagements which are compatible with the statutory audit referred to in article 3:65 of the Companies' and Associations' Code were correctly stated and disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

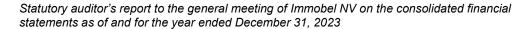
European Single Electronic Format (ESEF)

In accordance with the draft standard on the audit of compliance of the Financial Statements with the European Single Electronic Format (hereafter "ESEF"), we have audited as well whether the ESEF-format is in accordance with the regulatory technical standards as laid down in the EU Delegated Regulation nr. 2019/815 of 17 December 2018 (hereafter "Delegated Regulation").

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation, in accordance with the ESEF requirements, of the consolidated financial statements in the form of an electronic file in ESEF format (hereafter "digital consolidated financial statements") included in the annual financial report.

It is our responsibility to obtain sufficient and appropriate information to conclude whether the format and the tagging of the digital consolidated financial statements comply, in all material respects, with the ESEF requirements under the Delegated Regulation.

In our opinion, based on our work performed, the format of and the tagging of information in the official Dutch/French version of the digital consolidated financial statements as per 6 March 2024, included in the annual financial report of Immobel NV, are, in all material respects, prepared in compliance with the ESEF requirements under the Delegated Regulation.





Other aspect

This report is consistent with our additional report to the audit committee on the basis of Article 11 of Regulation (EU) No 537/2014.

Zaventem, March 18, 2024

KPMG Bedrijfsrevisoren - Réviseurs d'Entreprises Statutory Auditor represented by

Filip De Bock Bedrijfsrevisor / Réviseur d'Entreprises



II. Statutory condensed financial statements

The financial statements of the parent company, Immobel SA, are presented below in a condensed form.

In accordance with Belgian company law, the Directors' Report and Financial Statements of the parent company, Immobel SA, together with the Statutory Auditor's Report, have been filed at the National Bank of Belgium.

They are available on request from:

Immobel SA
Boulevard Anspach 1
BE-1000 Brussels
Belgium
www.immobelgroup.com

The statutory auditor issued an unqualified report on the financial statements of Immobel SA.

A. Statement of financial position (in thousand EUR)

ASSETS	31-12-23	31-12-22
FIXED ASSETS	913,461	824,784
Start-Up costs	110	136
Intangible fixed assets	1,656	1,152
Tangible fixed assets	3,019	3,736
Financial fixed assets	908,676	819,760
CURRENT ASSETS	120,299	256,995
Amounts receivable after one year		
Stocks and contracts in progress	38,878	42,285
Amounts receivable within one year	19,178	35,690
Treasury shares	1,137	1,137
Cash equivalents	58,780	175,411
Deferred charges and accrued income	2,302	2,472
TOTAL ASSETS	1,033,736	1,081,779
LIABILITIES	31-12-23	31-12-22
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	419,995	331,941
Capital	97,357	97,357
Reserves	107,076	107,076
Accumulated profits	215,562	127,508
PROVISIONS AND DEFERRED TAXES	262	514
Provisions for liabilities and charges	262	514
DEBTS	613,503	749,324
Amounts payable after one year	560,572	479,427
Amounts payable within one year	43,372	261,034
Accrued charges and deferred income	9,534	8,863
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,033,736	1,081,779

B. Statement of comprehensive income (in thousand EUR)

	31-12-23	31-12-22
Operating income	25,157	28,495
Operating charges	-77,147	-33,183
OPERATING RESULT	-51,990	-4,688
Financial income	167,747	118,251
Financial charges	-26,921	-67,555
FINANCIAL RESULT	140,826	50,696
PROFIT OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR BEFORE TAXES	88,836	46,008
Taxes	-781	-664
PROFIT OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	88,055	45,344
PROFIT OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR TO BE APPROPRIATED	88,055	45,344



C. Appropriation account (in thousand EUR)

	31-12-23	31-12-22
PROFIT TO BE APPROPRIATED	215,562	157,922
Profit for the financial year available for appropriation	88,055	45,344
Profit carried forward	127,507	112,577
APPROPRIATION TO EQUITY		
To other reserves		
RESULT TO BE CARRIED FORWARD	203,596	127,508
Profit to be carried forward	203,596	127,508
PROFIT AVAILABLE FOR DISTRIBUTION	11,966	30,414
Dividends	11,966	30,414
Other beneficiaries		



D. Summary of accounting policies

Property, plant and equipment are recorded as assets net of accumulated depreciation, at either their cost price or contribution value (value at which they were brought into the business), including ancillary costs and non-deductible VAT. Depreciation is calculated by the straight-line method. The main depreciation rates are the following:

•	Buildings	3 %
•	Buildings improvements	5 %
•	Office furniture and equipment	10 %
•	Computer equipment	33 %
•	Vehicles	20 %

Financial Fixed Assets are entered either at their purchase price, after taking into account any amounts still not paid up and any write-offs made. They are written down if they suffer a capital loss or a justifiable long-term loss in value.

Amounts Receivable within one year and those receivable after one year are recorded at their nominal value. Write-downs are applied in case of permanent impairment or if the repayment value at the closing date is less than the book value.

Stocks are recorded at their purchase price or contribution value, including, in addition to the purchase price, the ancillary costs, duties and taxes relating to them. The infrastructure costs are recorded at their cost price. Realisation of stocks is recorded at the weighted average price. Work in progress is valued at cost price. **Profits** are, in principle, recorded on the basis of the percentage of completion of the work. Write-downs are applied as appropriate, according to the selling price or the market value.

The **sales** and the **purchases** of properties are recorded at the signature of the notarial act in so far as the eventual conditions precedents are lifted and a clause of deferred property transfer is foreseen in the compromise under private signature

Short term investments are recorded as assets at their purchase price (ancillary costs excluded) or contribution value. Their values are adjusted, provided that the depreciation is lasting.

Cash at bank and in hand are recorded at their nominal value. Values are adjusted if the estimated value at the end of the financial year is lower than the book value.

At the close of each financial year, the Board of Directors, acting with prudence, sincerity and in good faith, examines the **provisions** to be set aside to cover the major repairs or major maintenance and the risks arising from completion of orders placed or received, advances made, technical guarantees after sale or delivery and current litigations.

Amounts Payable are recorded at their nominal value.

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